The M'Kean County Miner.

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H. F. BARBOUR, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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JOB PRINTING!

We have a large and complete assortment of Plain and Fancy Type and excellent Presses and are prepared to do all kinds of Plain and Fancy Printing, neatly, cheaply and promptly.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATTORNEYS.

BYRON D. HAMLIN & SON,

Law & Land Office.

AGENCY OF THE

KEATING LANDS.

Will attend to the Counties of McKean, Potter, Cameron, Clinton and Clearfield.

Smethport, Pa.

RACKUS & MILLIKEN,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to their care.

OFFICE—Up-stairs in Sartwell Block, on Main Street.

W. J. MILLIKEN. JOHN C. RACKUS.

P. FORD,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

Will give his attention to all matters pertaining to his profession.

OFFICE—FORD BUILDING,

Church Street, SMETHPORT, PA.

R. H. ROSE,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Will give prompt attention to all business intrusted to his care.

OFFICE IN THE COURT HOUSE.

S. W. SMITH,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

PORT ALLEGANY, PA.

Will give prompt attention to all business intrusted to his care.

P. R. COTTER,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

PORT ALLEGANY, PA.

All business intrusted to his care will receive immediate attention. Particular attention to collections.

PHYSICIANS.

FREEMAN & BROWN,

PHYSICIANS and SURGEONS,

Smethport, McKean Co., Pa.

Will attend promptly to all calls in their profession.

H. L. McCOY,

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,

Smethport, McKean Co., Pa.

Will attend to all calls in his profession.

D. V. CROSSMIRE,

Resident Physician P. & E. R. R. Co.,

15 Fraley Street, KANE, PA.

Prompt attention given to all professional calls.

E. A. VanScoy,

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,

Bradford, McKean Co., Pa.

Will attend promptly to all calls in his profession.

OFFICE AT THE BRADFORD HOUSE.

F. W. HOGARTH,

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,

PORT ALLEGANY, PA.

Will attend to all calls in his profession.

OFFICE IN HIS STORE.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BINGHAM ESTATE.

ROBT. H. ROSE

Is authorized to receive moneys for me; also applications to buy lands. He will give information personally, to any business of this Estate, in McKean County. His office is in the

Prothonotary's Office in the Court House.

ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees.

Wellsboro, Dec. 24, 1873.

W. S. BROWNELL,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, Hats, Caps, BOOTS & SHOES,

Etc., Etc., Etc.

MOTTO—Quick Sales, Small Profits.

Store Opposite Baptist Church,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Patronage is respectfully solicited.

SARTWELL BROTHERS'

BILLIARD SALOON AND RESTAURANT,

Sartwell Block,

Second Floor, SMETHPORT, PA
O. W. SARTWELL. E. R. SARTWELL

E. R. SHATTUCK,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

WINES AND LIQUORS,

Olean, N. Y.

Particular attention given to orders by mail or telegraph.

Small or large quantities carefully boxed and shipped.

W. T. CALLAR,

DEALER IN

DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS, FANCY GOODS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

KANE, PA.

JOSHUA DAVIS. O. M. JAMES.

DAVIS & JAMES,

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour & Feed, Clothing, Notions, Hardware and General Merchandise,

KANE, PA.

W. B. SIRRETT & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FINE HATS, CAPS, FURS, ROBES, Etc.

Cor. Exchange and Washington Streets,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

The largest dealers in this class of goods in Western New York.

BONNEY'S

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

Terrace, Near Main Street,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

D. BONNEY & SON, Proprietors.

P. E. STONE, Clerk. (Late Proprietor of the Olean House.)

OLEAN HOUSE,

Union Street, Convenient to Depots. } OLEAN, N. Y.

SARTWELL HOUSE,

Port Allegany, Pa.

S. C. SARTWELL, Proprietor.

The above house has been recently refitted, refurnished and refitted in the latest style for the convenience of guests.

CABINET SHOP,

Mechanic Street, Smethport,

WM. SPECHT, Proprietor.

FURNITURE,

PICTURE FRAMES, Etc.,

Of every description constantly on hand and made to order.

ALFRED STURDEVENT,

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Smethport and vicinity that he is now prepared to attend to his customers at his New Quarters,

Over the Post-Office.

He is prepared to do

Shaving and Hair Dressing,

In the highest style and at the lowest price. A select assortment of

CIGARS, COLLARS, CUFFS,

And other fancy and useful articles constantly on hand. Call and be satisfied for yourselves.

PAINTING AND GRAINING!

The undersigned is prepared to do all kinds of work in PAINTING and GRAINING in a workmanlike manner and at reasonable rates.

Graining by a New and Cheap Process.

I make a Specialty of GRAINING, by a new process, by which I can do it at expense of less than one half the time and money it would cost by the old way. CARL KAMM.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous, and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists,

LOWELL, MASS.

A Montreal Romance.

The McKenzie-Brydges elopement seems to have more of romance than scandal in it. Mrs. McKenzie is still a young woman although the mother of four children. Mr. Brydges, senior, says: All this trouble is the result of a foolish escapade by two young persons who are in love with each other. I am sorry that so much has been said about it, for the couple cannot be charged with criminality. They behaved toward each other with perfect propriety, never registering as husband and wife, and always occupying separate rooms wherever they stopped. They had determined to break off the connection between Mrs. McKenzie and her husband in order that they might marry, and they thought it would be necessary to go through the form of an elopement to secure such a separation. They did not intend to evade pursuit, and Mrs. McKenzie telegraphed for her parents to meet her in Philadelphia. Mrs. McKenzie is a perfectly pure and blameless woman. On account of incompatibility of temper she was unhappy with her husband, and she thought she could not live with him. If she and Mr. Brydges had made known their wishes the elopement might have been avoided. She will live with her parents until the divorce can be obtained, and meanwhile Mr. Brydges will remain at Phœnixville, where he now is, and complete his engineering studies. We have communicated with him and the matter is now adjusted. I am sure that the newspapers will not wish to say anything injurious of Mrs. McKenzie when they know the facts as I have stated them, for her family stands very high, and her own character is irreproachable.

The Towers of Silence.

The Prince of Wales and some of his suite were allowed to visit in India the famous "Towers of Silence," where the bodies of the dead are exposed to be devoured by vultures. They were the first Europeans who have ever been permitted to enter the gloomy portals of this strange place of sepulture. The towers are five in number, are circular, and are so well built that the oldest has stood for two hundred years without requiring to be repaired. They are formed of huge stone slabs well cemented together, and the largest cost £20,000. If it may be assumed that the four other towers cost on an average £20,000 each, we should have a tenth of a million invested in these buildings alone. Add that Sir Jamshidjo gave 100,000 square yards of land and defrayed the expenses of a road, and some idea may be formed of the cost of the whole cemetery. They are under charge of the Parsee sect, who are noted for their rigid exclusiveness, and it was something of a surprise to the natives as well as foreigners that the permission was granted. The origin of this singular method of disposal of the dead is due no doubt to the veneration with which the Parsees regard the elements. Fire is too pure to be polluted by committing corpses to the flames; water is almost equally venerated, and so is mother earth. Hence this strange custom has been adopted by which it is thought none of the impurities can pollute the elements.

California winters are slowly changing; there have recently been some nipping frosts near San Francisco.

The Cross-Roads.

Where the roads crossed we met,
My love and I;
In the near bay the ships
Tossed heavily.
Lamps were gone out on earth,
But those in heaven
Trembled, for two more hearts
That God hath riven.

His accents broke the pause—
My tongue was tied;
He found last words to say—
My echo replied.
Then he drew my white face
Up to the light,
And said: "Farewell, poor love!
Dear love, good night!"

At the cross-roads we kissed—
I stood alone.
His way the seaward road,
Mine led me home.
He called, "I shall return!"
I knew, "not so;"
Not one in ten returns
Of those that go.

Dreary the great world grew,
And the sun cold;
So young, an hour ago,
I had grown old.
Our God made me for him.
We loved each other;
Yet fate gave him one road,
And me another.

THE NICK OF TIME.

THE STORY OF A FLIRT.

Of all the arrant flirts, Alice Truesdell bore the palm; and of all desperate lovers, Dr. Fowle. Of course there were other lovers of the young lady's command, or she could not have flirted; but all her flirtation seemed to be directed solely to the end of vexing this single lover, whose grave, quiet, repressed demeanor never let her exactly know whether he were a lover or not, and drove her first to some action that almost betrayed her own feelings, and then to one that should give the lie to that betrayal, and set everything at loose ends again.

You could hardly say why Miss Truesdell had so many suitors. She was not so very good—that is, she was as good as most people, but not a jot better; she was not pretty—at least not till she laughed and showed her white teeth, and a dimple deep as love ever nestled in, or till she lifted her great gray eyes and let you see how lustrous they were under that trick of drooping lids. No, it could not have been her beauty that was the charm; it was voice, smile, face, figure, all together; her personality, gay spirits, teasing moods, sweet ways; her infinite variety that attracted everybody coming within its sphere. She sang a little, she danced a little; whatever she did she did well; and so, of course, she flirted to perfection, and played off one lover against another as prettily, the lookers-on might think, as a juggler tosses his golden balls. But what did the lovers think of it?

One of them thought very, poorly of it, and was determined to bring Miss Alice to close quarters in small time, not in the least aware that all the others had made exactly the same determination, and had found that to determine was one thing and to do was another. Man might propose, but Miss Alice must dispose; and Miss Alice—as, indeed, they each and all fondly hoped—was a match for any one of them. If she danced with Gregory, just as Gregory felt encouraged and began to whisper the burning words, she dropped her fan with a glance at Mallory, who darted to restore it, and was detained with thanks and gay words and replies just long enough to make it impossible for Gregory to take up the thread where she had broken it. If she walked with Dr. Fowle, it was only after she had allowed Mr. Bellos to know that she would be strolling in that direction, where she was always so pleased to meet him when he came up breathlessly, and found the doctor muttering anathemas between his teeth—inventions to Æsculapius, she called them.

But Dr. Fowle was not a man you could put off forever when he once made up his mind to a thing, and so Miss Alice began to learn. And when, one night as he bade her good-bye, Mallory and the rest being there, he told her, in a grave but authoritative undertone, quite unlike that of the usual lover, that he wished to see her next morning at eleven o'clock, if she had wanted to deny him, she could not. But, to tell the truth, she did not exactly want to. The young man had seemed so inconsequent and so stupid that evening; they had, each in turn, come in and interrupted the doctor when he was telling her such fairy-like tales of recent discoveries in science; she had shrugged her shoulders at them till the situation struck her ridiculously, and then she had laughed with the merriest of them, and pouted at the doctor. But now, as he was going, she slipped her hand in his arm and sauntered down the lawn with him. The night was a night in June, when, if ever, nights are perfect; the air was laden with the breath of honeysuckle and mock orange; the winds that curled round them seemed to come from distant lands of everlasting bloom, so sweet they were; and the stars hung their lamps through the clear dark close above the thick tree tops. She fancied that night that life was too delicious a thing to be indulged in freely, and she murmured something of the fancy with half a laugh. "There are times when we all feel that life is more than we deserve," he answered. "To-morrow—it may be— Shall I feel the same myself to-morrow, or will fate"—

She laughed uneasily. "You mustn't ask me riddles," she cried.

"At eleven to-morrow, then," he said, lifting his hat.

"At eleven to-morrow." And she went back to the house, wishing it were eleven to-morrow now; and then, in a gay freak, as she heard the hall clock strike, she ran down the hall and set the hands forward an hour. "Bring him the quicker," she whispered—"bring him the quicker," and went back to the others.

They are talking of the flags and bulrushes that grew by Lender's lake, a sheet of water in the neighboring woods; and she was eager to hear the details of the direction there, for she shared the popular frenzy raging just then for bulrushes, and thought of all things she should like some great bunches of the soft brown velvety things in the vases to-morrow.

"I believe if I rose early," she said, "I could be there and back before eleven."

"Why eleven?" said Mallory, lazily.

"Oh, I have an engagement at that hour," she replied, bending her head a little, that he might not see the color creeping up.

"I am at your service," he said.

"Will you come along, Netty!" she asked.

"At five o'clock in the morning, and on foot? Not a step. That hour in the afternoon, behind a pair of bays, would suit me very well." Young Vary thought it would suit him too.

"Very well, Mr. Mallory. If you will come at eight to-morrow, I shall have my bulrushes and be back in good season."

"I'll not fail," said Mallory. "And to that end, I assure this company that it is the witching hour of night, when the sweetest sound the ear can hear is the slamming of the big house door." And with that they all departed.

As eight o'clock in the morning came, Miss Alice, with her sheers hanging at her side, and her hat tied on, was looking up and down the road impatiently. She quite forgot her freak with the old clock the night before. "It is a very indecorous way to serve me," she cried. "Ten minutes past eight! I will have my bulrushes, Mallory or no Mallory. And if I am a little late, I don't care; it will seem as though a body were not so very anxious; and I don't know—I'm afraid—I'm afraid I was gushing last night, and I do so despise a gusher! And he may only want—may only want to engage me to watch with old Miss Steers the night she takes ether for that operation!" And thereat the little body was off for Lender's lake, with precious small idea of the exact whereabouts of that pretty sheet. "I've a tongue in my head, I suppose," said she.

As Miss Alice continued, her ideas grew still less. She feared she would lose her way, and not be back at all; she wished she had waited for Mallory; but she plodded on after her best sense of locality, tore her gown with briers, lost her veil, broke her parasol, came near breaking her ankle, and at eleven o'clock by her watch sat down and cried—hot, bitten by flies, tired out, and lost.

When she had finished crying, she looked up, and there, glistening double through her tears, lay Lender's lake blue as a sapphire, in the hollow of the hills. Her courage came back at once. If she could not keep her appointment, she could show by the bulrushes that she had intended to. She forgot fatigue, and was off for the edge of the lake, not so easily reached after all, and with a triumphant handful of the brown velvet wands and of great blue flags, was presently homeward bound, having found the highway, and staying only to ask at the door of a little hut for a cup of water.

Nobody answered her rap; the door was open—she pushed it wider, and peered in, but started back at the sound of a groan, and a quick sharp sob, a perfect storm of sobs. A moment Miss Alice hesitated; but she was no coward where pain was concerned; she took heart of grace and walked in, and found the brown old berry woman with her little boy, her grandchild, bleeding to death in her arms. "Oh," she exclaimed, "I never knew you lived here. What is the matter? How did he do it?"

"With the ax! with the ax! just now!" cried the woman. "And I can't stop it, and I'm all alone, and I can't leave him, and he'll die—oh, he'll die!"

"Oh, no, no!" said Alice. "What have you done? Only cold water! Let me see. Lay him down. Get a towel;" for she remembered still her school lessons in physiology. And before the woman knew what had happened, Alice had rigged a tourniquet with the handle of a hair-brush, and was checking in some degree the flow of blood with which the boy's vitality was ebbing. "Now don't let it slip, and I'll run and find the doctor, if I drop. Perhaps some team will overtake me. Don't despair—the child shan't die;" and she kissed the brown old woman, and plunged out, eager as though it were her own little brother. "I know just where the doctor is," she called back.

She knew nothing of the kind; she only knew where he had been. "She's gone to Lender's lake with Mallory," Aunt Huldah had said, looking up and down the road, with a vague idea that her looking would excuse the culprit—"for bulrushes, I heard them say."

The doctor's ejaculation would have horrified Aunt Huldah if she had heard it; but bidding her good-morning, he had turned about, determined to have nothing more to do with Miss Alice Truesdell. And then a sort of rage had flashed up and swept over him, and he vowed to himself that he would reduce the little rebel, and spring into his chaise and urged his horse to a run. And that was the way he chanced [illegible] less than ten minutes after Alice left the hut, she saw something rolling up the highway enveloped in as thick a cloud as ever an ancient god traveled in; and as he saw a little object flying down to meet him, curls and ribbons streaming behind, dishevelled to the last degree, and with only breath enough left to say, as he leaped from the chaise: "Don't stop! He's dying! Back there—the hut!"

Dr. Fowle did stop, long enough to take the little body and lift her into the chaise, and spring up beside her. "Who's dying!" said he, sternly—"Mallory!"

"Mallory!" gasped Miss Alice, in amazement. "And if it was," she said, the old spirit uppermost, as soon as she could speak again for her scalded lungs and throat, "what would you do!"

"Let him die!" exclaimed the doctor.

"It would be nothing to me if you did," she said, touching the horse with the whip herself. "But you would be indictable at common law."

"Nothing to you! What did you mean, then! Who's dying!"

"Not Mr. Mallory—to my knowledge, that is. I haven't seen him to-day. A child here in the woods."

The doctor urged the horse himself, bending forward, his gaze fixed before him, and not uttering another syllable.

"Aren't you ever going to speak to me again!" said Alice, at last. "I meant to be back at eleven."

He turned and saw the tears just ready to gush, and as he gazed perhaps they extinguished the flame of his wrath. Somehow—he never knew how any more than Alice did—the next moment the reins were under his feet, his arms were about her, and the tears were being crowded back by kisses.

"Aren't you glad I put the clock forward! Aren't you glad I came out here for bulrushes!" whispered Alice, as they suddenly drew up at the little hut.

"Oh, God bless you, doctor, and God bless her!" cried the voice of the old woman from within. "He's alive yet, and you've come in the very nick of time!"

Fashion Notes.

Advices from abroad speak of the rapid growth in popular favor of the capote bonnet. For full dress, for the theater and opera, these bonnets are worn almost to the exclusion of other shapes. The capote is simple to the extreme; it resembles the little cap worn by children, around which a ribbon is tied, and which confines the full crown and the ruffle forming the front and back. White plush is used; and all white materials, uncut velvet and satin included, have the preference. Ecru comes next; then the softer tints of colors. As white now must be ivory white or inclining to the yellow tint to be fashionable, cashmere lace is the favorite trimming for these hats; feathers and flowers, which are used sparingly on them, also partake of the ivory-white tint. A humming bird or small bright wing are also allowed. But simplicity is the charm of the new style. Shapes differ, of course, in the capote as in everything else; the shape described above resembles the Marie Antoinette cap, with its deep ruffle of lace falling on the hair and around the head, being a little longer in the back, where it assumes the shape of a cape. The shape most in use for satin and plush has a shirred border, lined with satin or silk, contrasting in color; the lining being most conspicuous should be selected for its becomingness, as the cold shades of white are not adapted to all complexions. When the brim is not shirred it is put on in flat plaitings; but in all cases the crown is soft and full, and a ribbon encircles it, having its bow tied either on one side, at the top, or at the back, to suit the style or wish of the wearer.

Felt hats are, of course, still very popular for street wear, as the capote is yet in its infancy. The severe winter abroad, which has brought fur cloaks into fashion, has also given to felt and beaver hats trimmings of fur. There is a peculiar shape, resembling the hats worn by the old French army, a three-cornered affair, which allows of fur border, and which has been very popular.

His Excuse.

"You don't dress as much as you used to," remarked a merchant tailor to a shabby looking city swell the other day.

"Naw, naw, I dwan't," said the snob, "you see—aw—there's such a deuced lot o' gulls wanting taw get mawwied just naw that a fellah dawn't have taw stwain much—aw—to attwact attention, yaw knaw."

And he pranced down the avenue, looking for some of the "deah, dwee-pawate cweatures, yaw knaw."

Facts and Fancies.

There is said to be a "movement" on foot for the revival of the Whig party.

A Montreal medical student helped to dissect his grandmother before he knew who it was.

The four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America will be here in fifteen years.

Grace was said in fourteen different languages at a recent dinner of London missionaries.

The New York *Sun* is sure that James [illegible]

Candidates for the Presidency have but five months in which to work up their "claims."

The English volunteer force now consists of 288,251 rank and file, of whom 168,700 are efficient.

The new Senator from Iowa first won distinction by wearing a red flannel shirt at a dinner party.

A woman dictates before marriage, in order that she may have an appetite for submission afterwards.

The London *Lancet* says that the habit of secret drunkenness is becoming very common among the boys at the English public schools.

A Tallahassee monkey displaced as a household pet by a baby, savagely attacked the child in its cradle, and injured it dangerously by biting and scratching.

John Childs failed in an attempt to rob the Galveston bank in which he was employed. Then he failed in an attempt to kill himself. His attempt to get into the State prison will end in success.

For a city of over one hundred thousand inhabitants, Milwaukee certainly has a right to congratulate itself that there was not a single case on the criminal calendar of the municipal court for the January term.

The public baths and washhouses, which have for years been established in some of the most populous parishes of London, have proved such a great boon to poor families, especially in winter, that they are being introduced by the vestries in most of the other parishes.

Gen. George W. Cole, who made himself widely known by killing L. H. Hiscock in Albany in 1867, is dead. After his acquittal he enlisted in the army, serving until a year ago, when he began practice as a physician in New Mexico. The insanity which the jury decided was the cause of his crime never showed itself afterward.

Signs whereby you may know an army veteran: He prefers a tin cup to a china one; he drinks out of the spout of the water pitcher when nobody is looking; he will smoke in bed despite his mother's warnings; he never hears a band play without straightening himself up; and he has a fine eye for the soft side of a corn field.

Turkey has fifteen immense ships of war, which cost nearly $2,000,000 apiece. They lie idle in the Bosphorus all summer, their only use being to fire salutes every Friday when the sultan goes to mosque. They never go to sea, and if they did they would be likely to founder in the first gale, for they are very unwieldly, and the Turks are miserable sailors.

The *Pall Mall Gazette*, in alluding to the recent destruction of property by a hurricane in the island of Manila, reminds its readers that London cannot claim immunity from similar disasters, having in November, 1778, been visited by a storm which caused a damage of £2,000,000 to the metropolis, and tore up 17,000 trees by the roots in the county of Kent.

Two little children, a boy and a girl, were playing on a bridge in Danville, Ky. The girl fell into the stream, and the boy, running to the other side of the low bridge, caught her by the hair as she floated along and pulled her out. "Gol ding yer," she said, after getting the water out of her mouth and catching breath, "what'd yer pull my hair for? Yer allers a running on me, yer big lubber."

Stirred Up Things.

What a dangerous man a go-ahead man may be, says the Staunton (Va.) *Vindicator*, can be learned from the following: Some months ago Major N. H. Hotchkiss, of Staunton, the traveling agent of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad, went out to a new ground to increase the stock trade. He went to Gallipolis, Ohio, a vicinity that he had never shipped this way from before, and soon by his persuasive arts gathered up fifteen carloads of stock. On leaving Huntington the conductor, being on a spree, neglected to have a fire in the drover's car, and nearly froze the major's drover, for which the major promptly reported him. He was discharged, and then went to Richmond, got on another spree and died in jail. His companion in the cell was convicted of stealing the dead man's sleeve buttons and sent to the penitentiary for three years; and finally the examination of the facts about the conductor's death showed the jail to be such a hopeless place that Richmond is to build a new one at some $60,000 expense. A death, a State prison conviction, and many thousand dollars debt for Richmond, all grown out of Major Hotchkiss' raid into Ohio.

The M'Kean Miner.

H. F. BARDSLEY - - Editor.

THURSDAY, FEB. 10, 1876.

Meeting of the Republican State Committee.

Headquarters Republican State Committee, Harrisburg, Feb. 1, 1876.—In pursuance of a resolution of the Republican State Committee, adopted at a meeting held at Harrisburg this day, a Republican State Convention, to be composed of delegates from each Senatorial and Representative district to the number to which such district is entitled in the Legislature, is hereby called to meet in the city of Harrisburg, at 12 o'clock noon on Wednesday, March 29th, 1876, for the nomination of an Electoral Ticket and electing Senatorial and Representative delegates to represent the State in the Republican National Convention to be held at Cincinnati, Ohio, on the fourteenth day of June, 1876. By order of the Committee.

Henry M. Hoyt, Chairman.
A. Wilson Norris, Secretary.

It now appears that the Hambleton publication came his son John Wilkes Booth, and our readers will remember we published a correct account of the matter last week. It now remains to see whether the MINER will correct [illegible] statements.—Port Allegany Northern Tier Reporter.

On the contrary, it now appears that Hambleton is a liar as well as a traitor, and that the Reporter is altogether too anxious to believe his statements. A thorough investigation of the matter by the *Tribune* has only confirmed its orginal statement. Since the *Reporter* has admitted that corrections are painful, we do not expect it will perform the painful duty of "taking back" its false and boastful assertion in this matter.

CARL SCHURZ is said to be writing a political history of this country. If he writes history in the style and spirit that he lectures, it will be the most dismal of reading. As an exchange pertinently remarks, his lesson of the first hundred years of the republic will be that it could produce but one statesman, and he was a borrowed German by the name of Schurz!

Our little army is a mere skeleton now, but the democrats propose to see if it can't get along with a few less bones. Commenting on the policy of further reduction entertained by the democratic managers, the London NAVAL AND MILITARY GAZETTE says it is suggestive of the man who tried to economize in horse-feed by reducing the beast's rations one straw a day, thinking that he could easily stand that. He did succeed in reducing the feed to a handful but—the horse died.

—The Connecticut Republicans hold their State Convention on the last day of February.

—The last three Illinois Governors have pardoned eight hundred and twenty-four convicts.

—The State Legislature adjourns on Friday (to morrow) until after the 15th to give the members time to log-roll at the township elections.

—A bill has passed second reading in the State Senate reducing the boomage of the Susquehanna Boom Company to one dollar a thousand feet. The reduction will do much towards relieving the lumber interests of the Susquehanna valleys, and yet afford a princely revenue to the Boom Company.

—If the conduct of the majority in congress so far is to be accepted as the average capacity of the party for the exercise of power, we can't think of any one against whom we are sufficiently spiteful to want him on the democratic ticket for 1876.—Philadelphia Times [Ind]

—Impudence, where is thy blush? The heirs of Wm. K. Sebastian, of Arkansas, who was expelled from the United States Senate for disloyalty at the breaking out of the war, have sent to the senate a memorial praying for the pay, perquisites and emoluments of which he was deprived by his expulsion.

—Mr. Barclay, Journal Clerk of the House for thirty years, having received intimations that an ex rebel would want his place, accordingly resigned. The next day when the House met, the Journal was not read. This is the first result of turning out competent officers to provide places for incompetent hangers on.

—None but madmen can say that the democratic party is fit to be entrusted with the government of the country. We are confident that the nomination of any representative republican of national reputation and unstained character, will make sure a victory which will carry with it the election of a republican Congress, and the redemption of the country from the present misfortune.—Cincinnati Times.

—More than any public man of the day, Mr. Bristow is pestered by sensational stories set afloat by malicious persons with the object of injuring him or his political prospects. The story of his violent altercation with Senator Conkling and the President, was totally untrue, and still more absurd was the story circulated last week that he was thinking for a nomination from the democracy. Mr. Bristow is a hard fighter, and steps on too many toes not to make enemies.

JURY LIST—FEB. TERM 1876.

GRAND JURORS.

Annin—Alex Goodrich, E H Nichols, Cornelius Riley, Lemuel Jewett.
Bradford Tp.—Isaac Dickerson, D J Melvin.
Corn—John Dunn, Harvey Bridge.
Eldred—J Kaufman.
Keating—Chas Grossmire, H Cleaveland, Adam Brockam.
Lafayette—Orlando Hagadorne, W P Watrous.
Liberty—P A McDonald, Henry Hager, Abram Crandell.
Sergeant—Lawrence Boyer, William Petrie.
Smethport Borough—Ransom Bodkwell.
Wetmore—William Blew, Joseph Lydell, R M Campbell, Geo Weiser.

PETIT AND TRAVERSE JURORS.

Annin—Asahel Holcomb, Chris Gorman
Bradford—Phil Ackley, John Wagner Z W Fisher, Philip Hooker, C H Foster, Daniel Lafferty, John Reynolds, Warren Gaylord.
Bradford Boro—Webster K Nye, Peter T Kennedy
Corn—George Hickok, James D Grow, Abial J North, Michael Doyle
Eldred—A J Barden, S A Weismire, A R Powers, Gilbert Hoody, Rufus Parr, Daniel Wright, Oscar Carpenter
Hamlin—J W Butcher
Keating—Michael Rouke, O E Haven
Lafayette—George Hagadorn, John Hewitt
Liberty—R E Bellows, Owen Coyle, H Commander, John Robinson, E Fitch, Thomas McDowell, J J Abley, William Hooker, Thomas Peet
Norwich—E H Eastwood, W P Dennison, Chordis A Burdick
Otto—Alfred Herton, W F Calderin
Sergeant—William E Butts, J H Tate
Smethport Boro—C L Douglass, Henry Herzog, Frank Kerns
Wetmore—E Sherwood

ANDREW BERLEY, } Jury Commissioners.
O VOSBURGH, }

Smethport, Pa. June 22, 1876.

BY Virtue of a writ of *Levari Facias*, issued out of the Court of common Pleas of M'Kean county, Pa., I have levied upon the following described Real Estate which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport on Monday, the 28th day of Feb. A. D. 1876, at one o'clock, P. M.

All that piece or parcel of land situated in the Township of Bradford, County of McKean and in the State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a post on the east bank of the Tunungwant Creek, and at the northeast corner of land conveyed to Ell Foster; thence east one hundred and seventy two rods, more or less, to a sugar tree; thence north sixty-three and twenty-five hundredths rods, more or less, to a post; thence westerly one hundred land forty four and three-tenths rods more or less, to a post on the bank of said thence Southerly by the east side of said creek to the place of beginning, containing sixty-two and one half acres, more or less, being part of lot No. [illegible], and in Warrant No. 2280 and being a part of the land conveyed to A. T. Newell by the executor of the last will and testament of the late Daniel Kingsbury, deceased, and from A. T. Newell to Anna Wormer.

Seized taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Anna Wormer at the suit of A. T. Newell use of Anna Bowen.

C S KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport Pa., Feb. 1, 1876

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *Ll. Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of M'Kean County, Pa., I have levied upon the following described Real Estate which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 28th day of Feb. A. D. 1876, at one o'clock P. M., the following described tract or parcel of land to wit:

All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situated in the Township of Liberty, County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Commencing at a post on the east side of the Bingham Road, at the northwest corner of land conveyed to Jeremiah Boyer; thence south eighty-six and three-tenths rods, more or less, to a post corner; thence south thirteen perches to a post; thence south eighty four rods, more or less, to a post corner; thence northwesterly one hundred and twenty-six and four-tenths rods more or less to a post corner; thence north eighty two and five tenths rods, more or less, to the place of beginning, containing sixty acres and two-tenths of an acre, more or less, being lot No. 3-5, of the allotment of Bingham Lands in Liberty Township and part of Warrant No. 3105. Two frame houses, one frame barn, and a number of fruit trees and about forty acres improved.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Zoph Borrows at the suit of M. A. Littlebridge.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa. Feb. 3, 1876.

BY Virtue of a writ of *Fi Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of M'Kean county, Pa., I have levied upon the following described Real Estate which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House, in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 28th day of Feb. 1876, at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described tract or parcel of land to wit:

All that piece or parcel or tract of land situated in the township of Eldred County of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a beech corner of Warrant No 6130; thence east one hundred and thirty-two and seven tenths perches to the northwest corner of lot No. 8; thence south twenty four perches to a post; thence west one hundred and thirteen and five tenths perches to a post; thence south two and five-tenths perches to a post; thence west one hundred and twenty-two perches to a post; thence north fifty-five and four tenths perches to a maple; thence east sixty-four and eight-tenths perches to a post; thence north seventy one and five tenths perches to a post; thence east thirty-eight perches to a Pine of lands of King and Bell; thence south to the beginning, containing fifty-nine and two-tenths acres, be the same, more or less.

ALSO—All that piece, parcel or tract of land situated, lying and being in the township of Eldred, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a post on the south bank of the Allegany river, being the northwest corner of the lands of J. Higbee; thence south seventy-two degrees, west sixty perches to a post, thence north thirteen perches to a post on the south bank of the Allegany river; thence down said river to the place of beginning, containing four and seven eighths acres, be the same more or less. Two steam mills, six mill houses in connection with the mills, and there is two hundred rods in length of boom running up the river.

ALSO—All the following *lot* of land situated in the township of Eldred, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania to wit: Being part of Patent No. 6230, bounded as follows. Beginning at a post corner standing on the south bank of the Allegany river one hundred and forty-two perches north, and fifty-nine perches west of the northeast corner of Patent No. 6229, and being the northeast corner of lot surveyed for Thomas Robbins; thence by line of said lot, south sixty perches to a soft maple tree and post corner; thence east ninety-two perches to a post corner, thence north fifty-three perches to a post corner on south bank of the Allegany river, thence up the bank of the same by the several courses and distances thereof to the place of beginning, containing thirty-three acres and ninety-one perches, strict measure, be the same more or less.

ALSO—All that tract or parcel of land situated in the Township of Eldred, County of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, on the west side of the Allegany river, being part of Warrant numbered 58, bounded and described as followeth to wit: Beginning at a beech corner of Warrant No 6130; thence east one hundred and thirty-two and seven tenths perches to the northwest corner of lot No. 8; thence south twenty four perches to a post; thence west one hundred and thirteen and five tenths perches to a post; thence south two and five-tenths perches to a post; thence west one hundred and twenty-two perches to a post; thence north fifty-five and four tenths perches to a maple; thence east sixty-four and eight-tenths perches to a post; thence north seventy one and five tenths perches to a post; thence east thirty-eight perches to a Pine of lands of King and Bell; thence south to the beginning, containing fifty-nine and two-tenths acres, be the same, more or less.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Alford & Johnson, at the suit of W. B. Chittenden.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., Feb. 1, 1876.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY Virtue of a writ of *Venl. Ex.* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of M'Kean County, Pa., I have levied upon the following described Real Estate which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport on Monday, the 28th day of Feb. A. D. 1876, at one o'clock P. M., the following described tract or parcel of land to wit:

All that certain piece parcel or tract of land situated in Keating township, County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: On the north by lot No. 20, of the allotment of the Bingham Lands in said township, conveyed to Willis Barrett; on the east by lot No. 201, contracted to James Hussey; on the south by lot No. 24, conveyed to William Ripley; and on the west by lot No. 22, conveyed to Willis Barrett, aforesaid, containing fifty-two acres and five-tenths of a acre, more or less, being lot No. 38 of the allotment of the Bingham Lands in Keating township aforesaid, and part of Warrant No. 2355.

ALSO—One other lot bounded and described as follows: On the north by lot No. 13, of the allotment of the Bingham Lands in Keating township, McKean County, conveyed to Silas J. Cook; on the east by lot No. 247; on the south by lot No. 250; and on the west by lot No 30; and lot No. 18, conveyed to Oshea R. Bennett, containing sixty-six acres and three tenths of an acre, be the same more or less, it being lot No. 249, of the allotment of the Bingham Lands in Keating township, aforesaid, and part of Warrant No. 2355.

ALSO—Another lot bounded and described as follows to wit: On the north by lot No. 20, of the allotment of the Bingham Lands in Keating township, McKean county, conveyed to Willis Barrett; on the east by lot No. 18, and conveyed to Oshea R. Bennett, and lot No. 30; on the south by lot No. 24, conveyed to William Ripley; and on the west by lot No. 38, contracted to James Hussey; containing fifty two acres and five-tenths of an acre, be the same, more or less, it being lot No. 201, of the allotment of the Bingham Lands in Keating Township, aforesaid, and part of Warrant No. 2355.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of James Hussey at the suit of the Bingham Trustees.

C S KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa. Feb. 5, 1876.

SHERIFF SALE.

BY Virtue of a writ of *Levari Fa.* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of M'Kean county, Pa., I have levied upon the following described real Estate which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport on Monday, the 28th day of *Feb.* A. D. 1876, at one o'clock, P. M.

All that certain pieces parcels of land situate, lying and being in McKean County, Pennsylvania. Known as the "Lafayette Coal Lands," and bounded and described as follows: to wit: Beginning at the northeast corner of lot No. 115, one hundred and fifteen of the allotment of the Bingham lands in Lafayette township, McKean county, Pennsylvania, conveyed to James Bond, and running thence east one hundred and ten perches; thence south along line of lot No. 117 one hundred and seventeen, one hundred and eighty perches; thence east ninety six perches and five tenths of a perch; thence north 1 ° 15' east one hundred and seventy five perches and seven tenths of a perch; thence along the east line of lot No. 116, one hundred and sixteen, north 1 ° 30' east one hundred and sixty nine perches and six tenths of a perch; thence north 1 ° 30' east one hundred and eighty eight perches and seven tenths of a perch; thence east one hundred and thirty eight perches and six tenths of a perch; thence south two hundred and eighteen rods or perches; thence east two hundred and eighteen perches; thence south four hundred and twenty four perches; thence west two hundred and seventy eight perches; thence along the east line of lot No. 115, one hundred and fifteen aforesaid, north three hundred and thirty four perches and eight tenths of a perch to the place of beginning, containing sixty-two acres and one hundred and forty acres be the same more or less, it being part of lot No. 118, one hundred and eighteen of the allotment of the Bingham lands in Lafayette and Keating townships, McKean county, Pennsylvania, and parts of Warrants No. 2357 two thousand two hundred and forty seven) 2358 (two thousand two hundred and forty eight) 2252 (two thousand two hundred and fifty two) 2253, (two thousand two hundred and fifty three) and 2259 (two thousand two hundred and fifty nine).

ALSO all that other lot: Beginning of the northeast corner of lot No. 115, one hundred and fifteen aforesaid, and running thence east one hundred and two perches, thence along lines of lot No. 116, one hundred and sixteen north one hundred and sixty five perches and eight tenths of a perch; and east one hundred and four perches; thence north 1 ° 15', east one hundred and eighty eight perches and seven tenths of a perch; thence west eight hundred and three per hes and four tenths of a perch; thence along lines of lot No 117 one hundred and seventy six perches and three tenths of a perch; thence north one hundred and twenty one perches and nine tenths of a perch; thence west one hundred and two perches and seven tenths of a perch; thence south one hundred and twenty eight perches and five tenths of a perch; thence along lines of lot No. 114 one hundred and fifty seven perches and three tenths of a perch; thence north one hundred and twenty one perches and nine tenths of a perch; thence west one hundred and two perches and seven tenths of a perch; thence south one hundred and twenty eight perches and five tenths of a perch; thence along the east line of lot No. 114 (one hundred and fourteen) north one hundred and sixty four perches and five tenths of a perch; thence along the south line of lots Nos. 114, (one hundred and fourteen) 113, (one hundred and thirteen) 84, (eighty four) 83, (eighty two and 68 (sixty eight) west four hundred and fifty eight perches and seven tenths of a perch; thence along the east line of lot No. 70 (seventy) south 2 ° west one hundred and sixty nine perches and seven tenths of a perch; thence south twelve perches and five tenths of a perch; thence east seven hundred and six perches; thence along the west line of lot Nos. 115 (one hundred and fifteen) north three hundred and forty perches; thence along lines of lot No. 119 (one hundred and nineteen) north one hundred and sixty eight perches and one tenth of a perch, east one hundred and ten perches and south one hundred and seventy one perches and one tenth of a perch; thence along the north line of lot No. 115 (one hundred and fifteen) south 88 ° 30' east ninety perches to the place of beginning, containing twenty five hundred and seventy seven acres and eight tenths of an acre of land, be the same more or less, being the west part of lot 118 (one hundred and eighteen) of the Bingham Lands, Lafayette Township, and parts of Warrants Nos. 2252, (two thousand two hundred and forty six) 2247, (two thousand two hundred forty seven) 2253 (two thousand two hundred and fifty three) 2254 (two thousand two hundred and fifty four) 2257 and 2258.

ALSO—Another lot, Beginning at eighty perches east from the southwest corner of lot No. 118 (one hundred and eighteen) aforesaid; thence along the south line of said lot east three hundred and eighty perches; thence south three hundred and fifty six perches to a beech corner; thence N. 80 ° W. one hundred and eighty eight perches; thence north two hundred perches; thence N. 89 ° W. one hundred and ninety two perches; thence north one hundred and forty three perches and five tenths of a perch to the place of beginning, containing five hundred and ninety and six-tenths acres of land, more or less, being lot No. 122, in Lafayette, and part of Warrants Nos. 2240, 2236, with the allowances appertaining to said lands.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of the Lafayette Coal Company at the suit of Theodorus F. Secor and S. H. Comstock, Trustees.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Feb. 1, 1876.

Court Proclamation.

WHEREAS, the Hon. HENRY W. WILLIAMS, President Judge and the Hons. W. H. DWIGHT and DAVID WARD, Associate Judges of the courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the County of M'Kean have issued their precept, bearing date Friday, Dec. 31, A. D. 1875, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas, in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 28th day of next, Feb., and to continue one week.

Notice is therefore hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables within the county that they be then and there in their proper persons and those of them who are Justices of the Peace, Coroners and Constables, to prosecute such things as to their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizances to prosecute the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of said county of M'Kean, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as will be just.

Dated in Smethport, Feb. 3, 1876, and the 99th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa. Feb. 3, 1876.

A HAPPY NEW YEAR!

SMETHPORT, PA.

Call and have your eyes measured
A perfect fit guaranteed.
Every pair warranted.
M. L. ARMSTRONG, Agent.

J. P. WENDEL,

Dealer in

FINE GROCERIES

AND

PROVISIONS,

FLOUR, PORK, LARD,

SALT, AND FISH,

Selected

TEAS.

Pure

COFFEES and SPICES.

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS.

And a variety of all other goods usually kept in a First Class Store.

Main st. Smethport, Pa.

Why Have Trouble

with your watch, when you can have it properly repaired and adjusted to time by a practical Mechanic?

W. C. WEAVER

PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER, JEWELER, AND ENGRAVER,

ELDRED, PA.

Has had 24 years experience in the trade, most of which time was passed in some of the best establishments in London, England, and can guarantee satisfaction.

☞ All kinds of watch repairing done for the trade at trade prices. 12—15

SHERIFF'S SALE

BY virtue of sundry writs of *Fend. Ex.*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of M'Kean, State of Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 28th day of Feb. A. D. 1876, at one o'clock P. M., the following described tract or parcel of land, to wit:

The following Real Estate situate in the Township of Bradford, County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a post in the highway at the intersection of the roads leading from Marshburg to Bradford and from Bradford to Lafayette corners, thence west by line of said Marshburg road one hundred and ten rods to a post at northeast corner of lot No. 270; thence south ninety seven and a half rods to a beech at the northwest corner of lot No. 151, thence east eighty eight rods to a post in the highway in the north line of lot No. 151; thence northerly by west line of highway, one hundred and one rods to place of beginning, containing fifty two acres, being part of lot No. 149 in Warrant 3965 of the Kingsbury survey of lands in said Township, about thirty acres improved, with one frame dwelling house, one frame barn, about thirty bearing apple trees, and a well of water thereon.

Seized, taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of Benjamin Jewett at the suit of School Directors of Bradford Township.

C S KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport Pa, Feb. 1, 1876

SHERIFF'S SALE

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *Venl. Ex.* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of M'Kean county, Pa., I have levied upon the following described Real Estate which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House, in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 28th day of Feb. 1876, at one o'clock P. M.

All that tract or parcel of land situate in the Township of Ceres, County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows. Beginning at the centre of the Public Road, and in the north line of lot No. 122 of the allotment of Keating and Company's lands in said township; thence west one hundred and three and five tenths (103.5) rods to a post corner; thence north forty six rods to a post, thence east seventy seven and 5 tenths (77.5) rods to the centre of the public road; thence by said road south thirty three and one half (33½) degrees east fifty five and one tenth (55.1) rods to the place of beginning, containing twenty six acres strict measure, be the same, more or less. Reserving therefrom two small lots heretofore sold from the same, and for the purpose of a school house and burial ground.

Seized, and taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Jesse Howard, at the suit of Grow & Bro.

C.S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa. Feb. 1, 1876.

BY Virtue of a writ of *Fieri Facias* &c issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean county, Pennsylvania, I have levied upon the following described real estate which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 28th day of Feb. 1876, at one o'clock P. M., the following property to wit:

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situated in the Borough of Smethport, County of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Being square No. 8, in the general plan of said Borough; bounded on the north by North Street; east by Fulton Street; south by Green Street; and west by State Street, containing one and three-fifths acres, more or less. Two two-story houses, two out-houses, one hen-house and young orchard.

ALSO—Square No. 5, in the said plan of said Borough, of Smethport bounded on the north by North line of the Borough; east by Fulton Street; south by North Street, and west by State Street, containing four fifths of an acre, more or less.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of E. B. Train, at the suit of A. N. Taylor.

C.S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa. Feb. 1, 1876

M. L. Armstrong,

Dealer in

Agent for

ITHACA CALENDAR CLOCKS

in McKean County.

Repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry a specialty.

J. G. EATON,

DEALER IN

Heavy & Shelf Hardware,

OILS, PAINTS,

GLASS, PUTTY,

TIN & WOODEN WARE,

New Store,

Mechanic St., 2 doors south of Water

12—35 SMETHPORT, PA.

T. MULLIN, Jr.

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

WINES,

LIQUORS,

& SEGARS.

FORT ALLEGANY, PA.

Port Allegany Planing Mill.

BARRETT BROTHERS,

CONTRACTORS, BUILDERS, AND

MANUFACTURERS OF

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,

AND

HOUSE MOULDINGS.

Dressed Flooring, Ceiling, &c.

Port Allegany, Pa

Railroad Time Tables.

McKEAN & BUFFALO R. R.

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	Accom.	Mail.
Clermont	8.20 a m	1.40 p m
Wernwag	8.28	1.48
Hamlin	8.56	2.00
Colegrove	9 00	2.05
Crosby	9.04	2.09
Smethport	9.24	2.25
Farmers Val.	9.39	2.40
Frisbees	9.49	2.50
Larrabees	9.56 a m	2.58 p m

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	Mail.	Express.
Larrabee	11.28 a m	8.00 p m
Frisbees	11.38	8.08
Farmers Val.	11.50	8.17
Smethport	12:05 p m	8.29
Crosby	12.20	8.43
Colegrove	12.24	8.46
Hamlin	12.30	8.50 p m
Wernwag	12.42	
Clermont	12.54	

S. V. GOODES, Supt.

BUFFALO, NEW YORK & PHILA. R'y

Going South.

STATIONS.	Mail.	Accom.	Express.
Buffalo	7.30 a m	8.05 a m	4.00 p m
Olean	10.35	4.15 p m	7.10
Eldred	11.11		7.45
Larrabees	11.20		7.52
P't Allegany	11.42		8.14
Emporium	12.40		9.15

Going North.

STATIONS.	Express.	Mail.	Accom.
Emporium	4.00 a m	1.40 p m	
P't Allegany	5.01	2.43	
Larrabees	5.24	3.07	
Eldred	5.32	3.15	
Olean	6.21	4.03	6.40 a m
Buffalo	9.15	7.10	2.00 p m

H. L. LYMAN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

J. D. YEOMANS, Supt.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, NOV. 22, 1875, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

Westward.

KANE ACCM.	leaves Renovo	4 50	p. m.
" "	" Driftwood	5 58	p. m.
" "	" Emporium	6 55	p. m.
" "	" St. Marys	7 55	p. m.
" "	arr. at Kane	9 30	p. m.
ERIE MAIL	leaves Philadelphia	11 55	p. m.
" "	" Renovo	11 05	p. m.
" "	" Emporium	1 10	p. m.
" "	" St. Marys	2 00	p. m.
" "	arr. at Erie	7 50	p. m.

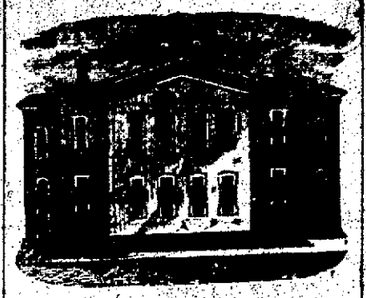
Eastward.

RENOVO ACCM.	leaves Kane	8 00	a. m.
" "	" St. Marys	9 43	a. m.
" "	" Emporium	10 45	a. m.
" "	" Driftwood	11 45	a. m.
" "	" Renovo	1 05	p. m.
ERIE MAIL	leaves Erie	11 20	p. m.
" "	" Kane	3 50	p. m.
" "	" St. Marys	5 10	p. m.
" "	" Emporium	6 05	p. m.
" "	" Renovo	8 25	p. m.
" "	arr. at Philadelphia	6 50	a. m.

Renovo Accm. and Kane Accm. connect east and west at Erie with Low Grade Division and B. N. Y. & P. R. R.

Wm. A. BALDWIN.
Gen'l Supt.

SMETHPORT



GRADED SCHOOL.

The Winter Term Closes

March 17, 1876.

Spring Term Opens March 22, 1875.

J. W. Kales, Principal.

S. R. Smith,

Dealer in

DRY GOODS

AND

Groceries,

At Hamlin Station,

Respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

Coffins and Caskets.

P. L. Webster

WOULD INFORM the citizens of Bradford and vicinity that he keeps ready made coffins, soft and hard wood caskets, etc., constantly on hand.

PATTERSON.

J. H. PATTERSON,

JEWELER.

Having established a Jewelry store in the MINER Building would solicit the patronage of the public. All kinds of work done in the best style and at reasonable prices.

May 13, 1875.

"A Woman fair to look upon."

SARA, THE PRINCESS.

Fac-simile of a Celebrated Oil Painting by BROCHART, in 21 oil colors—size 12x22 inches. The royal beauty of face and form, rich Oriental costume, romantic Eastern landscape back-ground, with its well, palm trees, desert, and long stretch of desert, and distant boundary of mountains, combine to form a rare and lovely picture. It would grace the walls of any public or private gallery. CANVASSERS are wild over it and are competing for the cash premiums. Send for our splendid offer.—Address.

J. B. FORD & Co., New York City.

LOOK!

NEW GOODS at A. N. TAYLOR'S!
NEW GOODS at A. N. TAYLOR'S!

Having just returned from the Eastern cities, where I have purchased FOR CASH a large ca stock of goods of every description ever offered for sale in this county, and having purchased my goods at very much below their value, purpose dividing the profits with my customers. Always giving the best the market affords in Seasonable Dress Goods of the newest designs and of the best quality, at as low prices as can be found in Northern Pennsylvania.

WHITE GOODS FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN'S WEAR,
in new styles, of choice quality, and at low prices.

EMBROIDERIES OF EVERY NAME AND STYLE.

PRINTS Too numerous to mention, Warranted fast colors, for 8c per yd.

Bleached Muslin, good yd. wide - - - 10c per yd.

16-Bone Corsets, for .75 | 200 reversible shawls, at $2

LADIES SUITS—MADE TO ORDER.

MOURNING GOODS IN ENDLESS VARIETY:

AUSTRALIAN CRAPES, BLACK ALPACAS, COBENGS, TAMISE & BIRETES CLOTHS, FINE BLACK, BROWN, BLUE & SLATE ALPACAS AT 2 SHILLINGS.

A GENUINE GROSGRAIN SILK FOR, $1 50 PER YD.

PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLA.

Our Notion Department

is full to overflowing, as well as all others, which can readily be seen by taking a peep inside

Clothing Department

is full, including all the novelties of the season. We have All Wool, warranted GENTLEMEN'S SUITS, FOR $8 50. GENTS FURNISHING GOODS in every variety and style. Also the largest stock of HATS and CAPS in McKEAN COUNTY.

An immense stock of
BOOTS, SHOES, GROCERIES, CROCKERY, QUEENSWARE, TRUNKS, VALISES, DRUGS, MEDICINES, WILLOW WARE CHROMO & OIL PAINTINGS, LADIES' HAND BASKETS, HATS, BONNETS, TRIMMINGS, FLOWERS, &c.

HARDWARE,

Including Nails, Iron, French, German, English and American Cutlery, Saws, Oils, Paints, Farming Tools, Fishing Tackling. ☞ Nails $4 per 100 pounds.

Canned and Dried Fruits, Flour, Pork, Hams, Lard, Trout, White Fish Mackerel, beside many articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be sold at the lowest rates.

A. N. TAYLOR.

AT

A. B. ARMSTRONG'S

LEADING DRUGSTORE OF THE COUNTY.

NO. 1, UNION BLOCK, SMETHPORT, PENNA.,

CAN BE FOUND THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF DRUGS AND Medicines, and all other articles usually kept in first a class druggstore.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES

PAINTS, OILS, & DYE STUFFS,
SOAPS, SPONGES, BRUSHES, COMBS

Perfumeries, Pomades, Oils,

AND TOILET ARTICLES OF EVERY VARIETY. WE ALSO KEEP A LARGE AND WELL Selected assortment of American and French candies, Stationery, Envelopes, &c. ALL

SCHOOL BOOKS AT BOTTOM PRICES!

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PURE WINES & LIQUORS, &c. &c.

Prescriptions Carefully Prepared.

J. Digel's Marble Factory.

ALL KINDS OF MONUMENTAL, MARBLE and STONE WORK DONE TO ORDER

The M'Kean Miner.

THURSDAY, FEB. 10, 1876.

Local and Miscellaneous.

Olean Lecture Course.

The 8th Lecture will be delivered by

Rev. Robert Collyer,

AT BLAKES OPERA HOUSE, OLEAN,

Friday Evening, February 11, 1876.

SUBJECT—"CLEAR GRIT"

Excursion train leaves Smethport at 5.15 p. m. stopping at all stations, arriving at Olean at 6.15, and returning at close of the lecture.

Doors open at 7.15, lecture commences at 8 p. m. Ehrs time.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The editor of this paper will esteem it a particular favor if our friends in the various townships and boroughs throughout the county will forward to this office a list of the officers elected at the coming township election as soon as possible after the day of election. We wish the list for publication.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

—We want no more *Ayes*.

—Next Tuesday is St. Valentine's Day.

—"Wipe off your chin" is the latest cry.

—Thursday—Borough and township elections.

—Next Saturday, is the anniversary of the birthday of Abraham Lincoln.

The Lord be praised, A promising revival of religion is in progress in Emporium.

—New depots are to be built at Limestone and Bradford to accommodate the increasing trade.

—Smethport must celebrate next fourth if we do not again for another century.

—What are we to do for ice next summer? Iced drinks will probably be in order.

—The grange matter is on the increase in this county. Three granges have already been organized.

—Borough and township officers, excepting school directors, hold over until the first Monday in April.

Court in the meeting at the Court House on Saturday evening and express opinions in a candid manner.

Parties and Hicks of Bradford, are in Smethport this week.

Fine team is that of Parsons and son. A strong one.

We can say from experience that Smethport people in general are in trouble, than the people of Smethport, do not exist where.

Another fact is that Theodore Tilton will lecture in Olean on the 28th inst. under the auspices of the Young Men's Association.

The Olean House, at Olean, is rapidly gaining popularity and patronage. The rooms of the house are arriving at the conclusion that is the best hotel in Olean.

Coles, the gang convicts, are greatly excited for the reservoir, just above that town, where 1500 acres of water, for 365 days, threatens to break away and drown out the whole community.

We are informed by the Olean Times, that H. Mosier, carriage manufacturer of this village, has received "an order for an elegant and expensive family carriage for E. D. Brooks, of Smethport."

Mr. W. D. Gallup, has moved to Smethport where, we understand he intends engaging in the insurance business. He has many friends here who regret to part with him. We wish him success.—Canton Press.

It was by no means intentional that we omitted the name of J. M. Homer in our published list of the committee in charge of the Select Hop to be given by the Centennial Social Club at Wright's New Hotel on the 22nd inst. The committee would be incomplete without him.

—A correspondent writing us from Bradford says,—"Developments in oil are on the increase. All the wells striking sand this week show oil and gas in good quantities. It is thought the best territory is to the borough. Sheriff C. S. King closed out of our whiskey shops this week (for as preparations had been made for a large row."

—We dropped in upon T. Mullin, jr., Wholesale Liquor and Tobacco dealer at Port Allegany, the other day. He has a well stocked establishment, and we were glad to see seems to be doing a prosperous and square business. Tim. one of these quick, excitable fellows who is often in hot water, and have plenty of enemies, but having a large heart, his friends are equally numerous. In strong his political faith, which is certainly desirable, he is a better man at heart than he is often painted.

The Ministerial Association and an adjourned session of the M. E. Church, will be held in connection at Port Allegany, Tuesday, February 22nd, at 7.30 p. m., and continue three days. The following is the programme: Tuesday evening, preaching by Rev. Stutts, Lake Otto; Wednesday, evening, preaching, F. D. Goodrich, Otto; Thursday evening, preaching, S. Millward, Coudersport, Centennial Mines, D. Lemming, Wellsville, Isaac Priddy of the soil, M. D. Jackson, Edmonston. The hour of the exercises, A. H. Johnson, Bolivar, Del Dunkly subject for discussion, L. D. Watson, P. E. Middleton of the Presiding Eldership, J. Criswell Sabin; Discipline Normal class, Presiding Elder; Modification of the Episcopacy, A. Armature, O. M. Leggett, Friendship, negative, J. Latham, Franklinville.

CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION.

Shall We Celebrate.

We are requested to publish the following call for a meeting of citizens to arrange for a proper celebration of the Centennial Fourth of July, 1876.

A CALL.

We the undersigned citizens of Smethport, unite in requesting a meeting of the citizens of the borough and county, at the Court House, in Smethport, on Saturday evening, February 12th, to take into consideration proper arrangements for a county celebration at the county seat of the Centennial 4th of July, 1876, in accordance with the recommendation of the Centennial commission. A good attendance is invited.

S. V. GOODELL, W. A. WILLIAMS, S. F. WETMORE, L. ROGERS, H. HAMLIN and others.

The object of this meeting is to test the sentiment of our people in this matter. If after discussion and consultation it appears that sufficient encouragement is given, a more general meeting will be held, to which the several townships and boroughs of the county will be invited to send delegates. We hope to see a large and enthusiastic meeting Saturday evening.

—There will be a donation visit on Thursday afternoon and evening, Feb 17th 1876, at the M. E. Parsonage, in Smethport, for the benefit of Rev. J. C. Whiteside. All are cordially invited to attend. BY ORDER OF COMMITTEE.

Our Borough School.

We presume that the people of Smethport are all properly interested in the success of the Smethport Graded School. Indeed we suspect that any of us would resent an imputation to the contrary. But thus far very few of the patrons or friends have taken pains to visit so important an institution. This is not as it should be, and we shall take the liberty to present to them through our columns the state of the school from time to time, of which they would otherwise remain in ignorance. On Thursday we made a visit to the Academy in the capacity of a newspaper reporter. There are three departments. The Primary, under charge of Miss Carter; the Intermediate, under the charge of Miss Hoyt and the Higher under the immediate supervision of Prof. Kales, who also exercises a general care over all departments. In the Higher department there are at present 75 pupils, in the Intermediate, 70, and in the Primary, 12; making together 145 pupils, a pretty large family to keep in good behaviour.

Our visit was necessarily brief, but long enough to impress us very favorably with the conduct of the school. The teachers seem earnestly striving to perform their whole duty to those under their charge, and the scholars, with few exceptions, are orderly and studious.

We can generally judge very closely of the training a boy or girl receives at home by their conduct at school, and parents and mothers who wish to maintain their own good name can do so in no better way than by assisting their teacher in an effort to control the disposition of their children. If you hear any "talk out of school" derogatory to the course of the teachers, do not believe them, at least until you have satisfied yourself by a personal visit of their truth. Never accept the tales of your children as gospel truth, for in nine cases out of ten upon investigation you will be astonished at their carelessness to lying. By following this advice, and occasionally visiting the school, a great deal of unnecessary trouble will be avoided.

OIL NOTES.

From the Bradford Era.

—Producers in the Bradford oil region are offered $2 45 per barrel for oil, and ask $2 50.

—The oil production for January was 9217 barrels. Average daily production 297 barrels.

—The Producers Consolidated Oil and Land Company has also secured by lease and purchased from 7000 to 8000 acres of territory in and around Bradford borough. The company has also bought the McKean County Pipe Line, tanks, etc., and will at once increase its facilities to meet the growing demands of the district.

—The Prentice well No 1 has been doing fully 125 barrels daily since he struck.

—The present estimated daily production is 420 barrels.

A Newspaper that Pays.

We thought that the Miner was the only paper in the country paying a princely revenue to its publishers. But the New York Times is a trifle ahead of us. A recent announcement in that paper states the following:—"The stock-holders of the New York Times were paid last year a dividend of $160,000, being equal to $1,000 a share or 100 per cent. upon the original value of the stock. At no time during the last fifteen years has the paper paid a less dividend than 80 per cent. on the original capital, and in some cases the dividend has been 100 per cent. During the same period, the entire indebtedness upon the Times building and property has been paid off, and the paper is now in the satisfactory position of owing no one anything. We may add, for the information of our friends, that the subscription list of the paper is larger than it has ever been, and that The Times begins the Centennial year with brighter prospects than at any former period of its history.

A Card.

CLIFTON, PA., Feb. 6, 1876.

ED. MINER,—The members of the St. Luke's Total Abstinence Association, of Clifton, at a regular meeting of the Association passed a vote of thanks to W. W. the worthy host Kaufman for donating the use of a hall and J. R. Townsend for providing dishes, etc. for a ball given by the Association a few weeks ago. Please give this a place in your columns.

Member.

Part Allegany.

—Township Supervisors yesterday.

—Business of all kinds dull.

—Bark is yet being delivered at the tannery.

—A Dime Society has been commenced here.

—The Lyceum still survives and thrives.

—S. S. Bullis has removed to Buffalo, intending to open a lumber yard.

—To our credit be it said that there will be little or no criminal business returned to Court by our Justices.

—Four or five candidates for the office of Constable.

—The public schools throughout the township are, as a general thing, giving good satisfaction to the patrons.

—A rattling exciting time is expected here on election day. Numerous aspirants for official honors are in the field.

—Extensive preparations are being made by the Masonic fraternity for their second Annual Reception.

—A. M. Lillibridge has placed himself "in town" by building a sidewalk to his residence.

—The Democracy have but little to say now a days—waiting for Samuel Cox and Benj. Hill to express more "sentiments" in Congress, we suppose.

—Few villages have a finer band of music than we. Our band is made up of gentlemanly and accommodating men.

—Much complaint is made that the B. N. Y. & P. R. R., do not keep the public crossings above this village in good repair.

—About $50 was staked on a game of checkers here last evening. The players were E. W. Thompson and Leroy Young. Thompson was beaten best two in three.

—Ye editor of the MINER looked in upon us to-day. Was on business for Uncle Sam. He seems to carry his government position modestly.

XENIA

Eldred Items.

ACCIDENT.—Mr. John Bagan, of Barden Brook, near Eldred, met with a severe accident on Thursday afternoon last. The unfortunate man was engaged in skidding logs, and by some means one of his legs got jammed in between the ends of two logs breaking the bones and lacerating the flesh in a terrible manner. Dr. Sibly of Eldred was sent for, and quickly in attendance, but on seeing the state the leg was in deemed it advisable to have further medical assistance, consequent ly Dr Freeman of Smethport, was sent for, and on his arrival Friday noon it was considered best to amputate the leg below the knee, which operation was skillfully performed by Dr Freeman. The unfortunate individual is 60 years of age, but bore the operation with good fortitude and from latest account is progressing very favorably.

On Tuesday last a young man named Shaw while engaged in chopping wood on Newell Brook, near Eldred had the misfortune to strike his foot with the ax, taking off the large toe and otherwise injuring the foot. Medical assistance was at hand and the wound is going on quite favorable

LYCEUM.—This Society held their weekly meetings in the school house on Tuesday evening the 1st inst. Dr. Barden in the Chair, W. G. Roberts, Secretary. The meeting was called to order at 5 past 7 o'clock, and after reading the minutes of last meeting business was commenced according to the programme viz:

Essay—Miss H. Heller.
Declamation—Wm Potter.
Select reading—Miss Nettie Knapp.

All parties acquitted themselves to their several parts very creditably and then came the question for discussion viz.

Resolved, That capital punishment should be abolished.

Michel Finnegan and F. Wheeler on the part of the affirmative tried hard to convince the Chairman that such might to be the case but after hearing W. A. Young, W. H. Soule and others on the negative side gave his decision in their favor. After forming a programme and choosing a subject for discuss on for the next meeting the meeting broke up about ½ past 8 o'clock. The following is the programme for the next meeting.

Essay—Dr. Sibly.
Scrap and query box.
Song—W. G. Roberts.
Five minutes speech—W. A Young.
Subject for discussion:
Resolved, That Woman's influence for good is greater than Man's.

Chief Disputants. Affir. C. H. Hauffman. Neg. R. L Farr.

—Mr. Graham, wagon maker, has purchased a building of John Wolcott, in the village of Eldred and fitted it up as a shop and is now prepared to undertake all kinds of repairing in his line Mr. Graham, is an excellent mechanic and we hope to see him liberally patronized.

—Town meeting on Tuesday the 15th, when we expect to see considerable excitement in Eldred, as we are led to understand there are a great many rival candidates for for some of the offices.

REVIVAL.—The Quarterly Meeting of the members of the Church of the United Brethren commenced in the Union Church in this village at ½ past 6 o'clock Friday evening. Amongst those present taking part in the services we noticed Rev. H. Chalman, of Sugar Grove, Warren Co. Pa; Rev. A. W. Marvin, Eldred, Elder Deans Eldred; Elder Herrick, Main Settlement; Elder Thomas, Farmer's Valley; Elder Dennis, Keeps Creek, and others. There was only a limited attendance to listen to an excellent discourse by Rev. Mr. Chalman. On Saturday there was service at 2 o'clock, when the same party preached again as before. The same evening. On both these occasions there was a good attendance. On Sunday morning there was Class meeting and love feast commencing at 9 o'clock and at 11 o'clock the Rev. Mr. Chalman filled the pulpit. The church on this occasion was crowded, the Rev. gentleman delivered an eloquent an disturring appeal to the hearts of his hearers and was most attentively listened to. In the evening the same gentleman addressed the assembled crowd and we doubt not his remarks were productive of much good. The services throughout the whole time were interspersed with addresses by a great many of the congregation. Thirteen members added to the Church.

PAINFUL SURGICAL OPERATION. On Friday evening the 4th inst a rather severe operation was performed by Dr. Freeman of Smethport, assisted by Dr. Sibly of Eldred, on Mr. D. M. Robertson who is now staying at Farr's Hotel in this village. For some time past Mr. Robertson has been much troubled with pain in his right leg between the knee and ancle the result of a hurt years ago, getting so painful that sleep was out of the question. The cause of this pain as given by the Doctors was Necrosis or dead bone forming a sort of tumor. The mode of operation was by laying the flesh off the leg to the bone and then boring two holes from two to three inches apart with a half inch auger right through the bone another incision was then made a little above the instep to draw of the matter. The time of the operation and dressing was about 30 minutes, which the patient bore courageously. From present indication the operation has successfully performed its intentions and Mr. Robertson has the good wishes of this community for his speedy return to health for business.

CORRESPONDENT.

Now and Then.

An old newspaper gives the following as a scrap of history: "In the year 1781 the Legislature of Pennsylvania, to abolish a practice then prevailing, passed the following resolution: "RESOLVED That hereafter no member shall come into the chamber barefooted, nor eat his bread and cheese on the step of the Capitol."

What a difference between ten dollars a day and stationery, mileage, &c., and roast beef at the Locutel.

Philadelphia and Erie

The earnings of this road for the month of December, 1875, is stated as follows:

Gross earning,	$270,441,78
Gross expenses,	141,200 82
Net proceeds of Dec. 1875,	$129,240,61
Net earnings year 1875,	428,756,36
Net earnings year 1874,	1,08 8,780,27
Net earnings year 1873	1,137,200 82

This is a gratifying exhibit, considering the tightness of the times and general depression of business. During the present year it is expected that the earnings will show a still further increase.

—Rev. Flood, assisted by seven brother priests from abroad, commenced the anniversary of the death of his Father by appropriate services in the Catholic church on Thursday.

—The St. Elizabeth Total Abstinence Association of Clermont, with their brother Associations of Smethport, paraded our streets on Wednesday. They expected to listen to an able address by an able priest from Warren, in the afternoon but were disappointed and not a portion of themselves will soon remember his Flood.

Easter Day.

The reason why Easter will fall this year on the 16th of April, rather than on the 9th, as explained is follows in the Churchman:—Easter day is regulated not by a solar but by lunar cycle the cycle that regulates the golden number. Now, by solar calculation a day always begins at midnight, but by lunar calculation it begins at noon. If, therefore, the Paschal full moon falls on Saturday after 12 p. m., it is counted as falling on Sunday; and then Easter day is, under the rule of the prayer book, the Sunday following. This is what happens in the present year. The Paschal full moon falls on Saturday, April 8th, at 2:44 P. M. It is, therefore, counted as falling on Sunday, April 9th, and Easter day is the Sunday following, i. e., the full moon (counted as falling on March 20th) would not regulate Easter day, but the one following. This happened in 1810

A FEW FACTS DEMONSTRATED BY FIGURES. —If a produce dealer bought a farmers crops last year; say his oats at 60 cts, his butter at 40 cts. and his wool at 50 cts., and because he failed during the year to get an advance on those prices to satisfy his rapacity, he holds them until this year, when the prices ruling are 40 cts. for oats, 25 cts. for butter and 35cts. for wool. Is any one going to buy of him at these prices because he proposes to sell them at cost? Not much! If a bo'zer during the rebellion had paid as he must at one time, $2 72 for a gold dollar and held it from year to year because he could not get a profit on that price, would he not be laughed at to-day for even supposing any one would pay him cost for his dollar when it is only worth $1.14? These same incontrovertible facts are just as applicable to merchandising, and yet we often see great spread notices of selling off at cost for 60 days, just as though they thought the people would consider it a privilege to buy at cost, though their old antiquities cost from 25 to 100 per cent. more than fresh new styles of goods bought and sold at the present market value. But this cost dodge can no longer deceive the people; they have learned to go for their goods where merchandising is done on the Young American plan, where goods are sold at a profit, where few goods remain over 60 days, where new goods are received daily, and sold daily in such quantities that the discount on the purchases are the main profit relied upon, where all goods are marked in plain figures, where there is no deviation in prices, where the poor man's one dollar buys as much proportionately as the rich man's ten dollars, where goods have ceased to have declined in market since last week's purchases they are marked squarely down to present values and sold, where the people delight to go and buy their dry goods, shawls, clothings, furs, hats, caps, boots, feathers, fancy goods, holiday goods, in fact all goods useful and ornamental. Enquire for this place of all places to buy good goods cheap, and anyone will tell you it is at R. O. SMITH'S, & Co., Olean, N. Y.

From Mrs. Senator Fenton.

Dr. Fenner's Improved Cough Honey [1] will break up a cold in the head, before any cough has yet formed, in two to three hours. [2] It will relieve any cough in one hour or less. 3 It is the best remedy known for the relief of irritable and worrisome children. It is pleasant to take, handsome in appearance, safe in its action and certain in its effect. It does not dry the cough but loosens and heals. From the lowly cottage to the princely palace and office and state come orders and commendations.

From the wife of Hon. R. E. Fenton, U. S. Senator, ex-Governor of New York, etc.

Jamestown, N. Y. June 29th 1873.

DR. M. M. FENNER, Fredonia, N. Y.—Dear Sir—I am much improved by the use of your Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic, and desire to continue it a little longer. Please send me one or two bottles more; also another bottle of your Improved Cough Honey, which we prize highly.

Verly truly.
Mrs. R. E. Fenton.

From John B. Miner, a wealthy banker of Fredonia, N. Y. I was afflicted with a harrassing cough. Three doses of Dr. Fenner's Improved Cough Honey entirely relieved me.
J. B. Miner.

From Prof. H. R. Sanford, President of the New York State Teacher's Association, supt. of Public Schools at Middletown, N. Y. etc.

I can repeated and present use of Dr. Fenner's Improved Cough Honey in my family, I am free to say that I consider it the best remedy now known for Coughs. Its action is prompt and reliable. In the frequent colds so common among children the use of the Cough Honey will prove a great boon.
H. R. Sanford.

A large size sample bottle for 25 cents. Regular sizes 50 cts. and $1. Each larger size holds three times as much as the next smaller. Ask for a circular entitled "People's Remedy." For sale by dealers, and by A. B. Armstrong, at Smethport, Pa.

NOTICE IS HEREBY given that J. M. Rouse, Guardian of Michel Eckert, has filed in the Orphan's Court of McKean County, his final account as said Guardian, and that the same will be presented for confirmation in the next stated Orphan's Court to be held at Smethport on the 4th Monday of Feby. next, A. D. 1876. C. K. SARTWELL,
Clerk Orphans Court.

Smethport, Jany. 17, 1876.

At Frank Kern's

NEW SHOP

Is done all kinds of

BLACK-SMITHING

at the shortest notice and lowest rates

FOR CASH

Shop on Water street.

Trial List. February Term, 1876.

27 Sept Term, 1872.
Seth A Backus vs. H P Mills & C L Bingham.
277 June Term 1873.
James Newell vs Joseph D Long.
122, Sept Term, 1875.
G Boyer vs. I A Putman.
238, Sept. Term, 1875.
Agnes King vs Nancy McEnally.
168 Dec Term, 1875.
J H Boylan vs S B Rockwell
C K SARTWELL, Proth'y

Smethport Jan 26 1876.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the February Term of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County for Charters of Incorporation for the "KANOSHOLM SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH" and the "KANOSHOLM CEMETERY ASSOCIATION."

Notice.

AN APPLICATION will be made to the Legislature of Pennsylvania, at its coming session in 1876, to pass a law authorizing Lumber dealers in the counties of McKean and Potter to adopt such mark as to put upon logs and lumber of all kinds, and have the same registered in the office of the Prothonotary of said counties; and also to fix a penalty for defacing said mark or fraudulently taking possession of any logs or lumber so marked, &c.

CHARLES JORDON, and others.

June 1, 1876

License Petitions.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following persons have filed in the Court of Quarter Session of McKean County, petitions for License, as stated below, and that said applications will be presented at the February term, 1876:

C. V. Gibbs, to sell vinous, spirituous, malt and brewed liquors, in quantities not less than one quart, with other goods and merchandise, Kane.

Patrick McCartan, Hotel, Alton.
E. W. Meese, Hotel, Kane
William A. C. W. Hooker, Wholesale and Retail, Port Allegany
B. F. Wright, Hotel, Smethport.
James Horigan, Wholesale and Retail, Bradford
D. F. Partison, Hotel, Larrabees
T. Mullin, jr. Wholesale and Retail, Port Allegany.
John H Driscoll, Hotel, Turtle Point.
Lester Goudy, Restaurant, Bradford.
H. Heidenberg, Hotel, Bradford Village.
H. E. Decker, Hotel, Kane
Keron Hanlon, Wholesale & Retail, Port Allegany.
Peter Heaton, Restaurant, Bradford boro'.

Witness my hand and seal of office at Smethport, Jany. 17, 1876.
C. K. SARTWELL, Clerk. [LS]

Administrators Notice.

IN RE ESTATE OF JAMES BUTLER deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of the above named James Butler, late of Ceres Township in the County of McKean, have been granted to Bridget P. Butler, residing in said township of Ceres. All persons therefore having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent are requested to make known the same to the said Bridget P. Butler without delay, and all persons indebted to the said estate to make immediate payment of the same.

BRIDGET P. BUTLER.

Jan. 6, 1876.—6t

Administrators Notice.

IN RE ESTATE OF M. N. POWELL dec'd.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of Administration on the estate of the above named M. N. Powell, late of Smethport Borough, in the County of McKean, deceased, have been granted to G. M. Smith and T. V. Powell, residing in said borough. All persons therefore having any claims or demands against the estate of said decedent are requested to make known the same to the said Administrators without delay, and all persons indebted to the said estate to make immediate payment of the same

G. M. SMITH,
T. V. POWELL, } Administrators.

Jan. 6, 1876.—6t

Administrators Notice.

IN RE ESTATE OF FRANCIS BURT, DEC'D.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of the above named Francis Burt, late of Keating township, in the County of McKean, deceased, have been granted to P. Ford, residing in Smethport Borough. All persons therefore having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent are requested to make known the same to the said Administrator without delay, and all persons indebted to the said estate to make immediate payment of the same.

P. FORD, Administrator.

Jan. 6, 1876—6t

M. A. SPRAGUE,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE

SMETHPORT, PA.,

The following List comprises some of the many articles constantly on hand:

Adzes, Axes, Augers, Auger Bits, Awls, Axle clips, Axle grease, Apple parers, Barrel or hinges, Bars for rails, Barn door rollers, Base knobs, Bath brick, Bed casters, Bell cords, Beef pan dogs, Bells, Bench hooks, Bench screws, Bevels, Bits, Blacking, Blind butts, Blind staples, Bolts, all kinds, Boot jacks, Borax, Boring machines, Brushes, Buckets, Bull rings, Butts, all kinds, Candle sticks, Cane turned, Calipers, Caps, percussion, Carpet stretchers, Cartridges, Castors, Catches, Cattle leaders, Chain, all kinds, Chalk lines, Chalk, Crayons, Chisels, all kinds, Clamps, Cleavers, Clothes lines, Clothes wringers, Coal hods, Coffee mills, Corn cutters, Corn poppers, Crow bars, Curry combs, Curtain pins, Cutlery, Dippers, Dog collars, Draw shaves, Dyed bristles, Expansive bits, Faucets, Fellos plates, Files, Fluting machines, Forks all kinds, Freezers, Fry pans, Butts, all kinds, Gate hinges, Gauges, Gimlets, Glazier's point, Glue, Glue pots, Grain scales, Grindstones, Gun nipples, Hammers, Hand vises, Handles all kinds, Hasps and staples, Hatchets, Hay knives, Hinges all kinds, Hoes, Hooks all kinds, Horse pokes, Horse rakes, Horse shoes, Iron all kinds—and Pumping, trimming and tapping, Kettles, Keys, Knives, Lamps, Lanterns, Locks, Locks, Mallets, Match safes, Measuring tapes, Meat cutters, Molasses gates, Mop sticks, Mouse traps, Mowing machines, Nails, Nuts, Oils, Oil stoves, Picks, Picture nails, Pincers, Pulleys, Pumps, Rivets, Rakes, Rasps, Rivets, Ropes, Rules, Safety fuse, Sand paper, Saw jacks, Saws all kinds, Shovels, Sheep shears, Shot, Shovels, Screws, Spades, Spouts, Squares, Screws, Tacks, Tee hinges, Tobacco knife, Tee rolls, Tongs, Trowels, Tubing, all kinds, Vises, Varnish, Wood screws, Washers, Whitlers, hooks, White lead, Wrenches, Monkey, Wheel barrows &c, &c.

Also Agent for the reliable **Grover & Baker S. M. Co.** all and see late improvements, &c., on this machine.

S. A. Bishop,

ARCHITECT

And Superintendent.

OFFICE—On second floor of MINER Block.

SMETHPORT, PA.

J. G. PELTON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

OLEAN, N. Y.

The finest cloths for Gents' wear constantly on hand. Suits cut and made in the latest styles, at reasonable prices, and a perfect fit guaranteed. v12-n2

To Our Friends and the Public:

We would respectfully and confidently invite your attention (not to the "LEADING DRUGSTORE OF THE COUNTY,") but to the

Side-Hill Drug Store,

where the

DRUG DEPARTMENT

is thoroughly assorted and extensively stocked. We trust the annexed will receive and repay careful perusal, our desire being to impart useful information, and to secure our share of the Public Patronage.

THE LADIES

Will find a large line of the **Very Latest Styles of Fancy Stationery**, and those of a "literary turn," however fastidious, cannot but be suited should they examine our large and complete line of

Miscellaneous Books, including works of the best authors. In **School Books** we defy competition. Buying directly from the publishers, to supply our WHOLESALE TRADE, we get the VERY LARGEST DISCOUNT. Our stock of

CONFECTIONERY, CIGARS, TOBACCO, FANCY PIPES,

POCKET BOOKS, IMPORTED TOILET ARTICLES, &c.,

are sufficiently large to enable us to suit each and all in quality and price.

Trusting that by our untiring devotion and fidelity to the wishes and interests of our customers, we may succeed in enlarging and developing our business and pledging our best endeavors in behalf of our friends, and soliciting the patronage of those with whom we have not yet had the pleasure of a business acquaintance.

We remain faithfully yours,

McCoy & Reilly.

Fresh Arrival

OF

READY MADE CLOTHING

FOR

FALL & WINTER

At SAM. GUNZBERG'S.

WE have determined to make LOW PRICES LOWER. Our salesroom is filled with all the newest patterns and the best makes of the season. We have the most elegant

OVERCOATS

to be found, and of which we will make a specialty this year. Also a fine assortme

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

HATS, CAPS, VALISES, &C

Buying only in large quantities, to supply

Three Large Stores,

We are enabled to give you great inducements in prices. We offer a fine selection of

Youths, Boys & Childrens Clothing.

All we ask is to call and examine our goods and weigh the extraordinary advantages we offer, and you will leave convinced that it is the best place to buy your goods.

26-1y Herman Cohn, Manager

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

Domestic Recipes.

COCOANUT CAKE.—One and one-half cups of sugar; two cups of cocoanut; one pint of flour; six beaten eggs; one teaspoonful of soda; two teaspoonfuls of cream tartar.

YORKSHIRE PUDDING.—One pint boiling milk to a small loaf of bread, crumbled fine, four eggs, a little salt and flour. Bake in a tin under the drippings of the beef.

VEAL BROTH.—Four pounds scrag of veal, and a bunch of sweet herbs, simmer in six quarts of water; when half done skim, and add an onion. Add two ounces rice, parsley, celery, pepper and salt.

CHICKEN PUFFS.—Cut the chicken in small pieces, stew slowly, and thicken the gravy with stirred butter and flour. Make a paste of cream tartar and soda, put on the top, cover tight, and stew half an hour.

BROWN BREAD.—One pint of rye flour, one pint corn meal, one tablespoonful of salt, three heaping teaspoonfuls baking powder. Stir the above thoroughly together; then add one cup of molasses; mix, and add water until like corn bread, and steam three hours.

OAT MEAL BREAKFAST CAKES.—Take one quart of Canada oat meal, wet with one quart of cold water, and pour it into a baking tin, so that it will stand half an inch deep. Shake down level and bake in a hot oven half an hour, or until it is crisp and brown on the surface. Cut quickly into two inch squares and serve hot.

ORANGE CUSTARD.—The juice of six oranges, strained, and sweetened with loaf sugar; stir over a slow fire till the sugar is dissolved, taking off the scum; when nearly cold add the yolks of six eggs well beaten and a pint of cream (or milk). Stir over the fire till it thickens, and serve in glasses. Double the quantity if required.

VEAL CAKE.—Bone a breast of veal, and cut in slices; cut also slices of ham, and boil six eggs hard; butter a deep pan, and place all in layers, one over the other, cutting the eggs in slices, and seasoning with cayenne, chopped herbs, anchovy, or any high flavored sauce. Cover, and bake four hours, and when taken from the oven lay a weight upon it, when cold, turn it out.

Cutting a Cribber.

A mare was given me, says a writer in *Country Gentleman*, her fore leg being broken, and as we are not to look a gift horse in the mouth I said nothing to her former owner about the habit she had of cribbing. When I got her I had no stable room for her, so I gave her one of my calf pens and fed her in a box on the floor for three weeks, during which time she showed no signs of cribbing. I then concluded to raise her manger, so that when she ate out of the box the back of her neck was a little higher than her back. She began cribbing at once. It was not long before I made up my mind that it was an old habit, for which she had been whipped, for when standing close to her head while she was cribbing she would jump and throw up her head, as if in fear of being whipped. I then began feeding her as before, on a box resting on the ground, and she did not crib at all when thus fed. I then fed her a few oats from the measure, cutting it in the manger, and then she cribbed as usual. I then made her manger on the ground and from that time to this she does not crib in the stable, except on the top bar that separates her from the calves, it being about four feet high. To prevent this, I tie her so she cannot reach anything higher than her low manger. When in the yard as soon as she gets to the fence she cribs as usual, unless I prevent it by tying her taller than below the knee, so she cannot get her head higher than her back. The length of halter from chin to knee is, I think, about two and a half feet. It may not work with others as it has with me. A box stall, with a very low manger, would evidently be good.

Cutting Fodder.

The following communication from H. Ivers, Batavia, N. Y., was read to the Minnesota farmers' club. "I would corroborate the statement of Mr. Tanner, of Minnesota, in his communication to the club, saying that it pays to cut his corn fodder, and could answer his inquiry for an elevator to carry the cut feed up to the barn, storing it away as it is cut. So I would cut cornstalks up for my own advantage, even if it made them no better for the cattle, and feed them liberally that they may have all that they do not like, which I will clean out once a day to use for their bedding. I agree with Mr. Yeomans that the cutting shall be abandoned if run by hand power, for to run it successfully it should be driven by horse power. And this saying that it made their mouths sore, reminds me of good advice given me years ago by an old feeder, that stalks should be cut for cattle two or three inches long, for he said the stalk had a hard, glazen case, and if cut short the pieces, when eaten, would come endways between their jaws, and this sharp case would cut their gums, making them sore. But if cut long the pieces will come horizontally between their teeth, avoiding that trouble. And as for harvesting the stalks or letting them stand uncut where they grew, I would as soon think of not cutting my meadow, and I often have those which are cut early and well pressed, worth as much for fodder by the acre as so many acres of my clover."

Will be an Actress.

Mrs. M. H. Fiske writes from New York as follows: Miss Anna Dickinson presented herself (by her agent) at the Fifth Avenue theater; but instead of coming to arrange for the rehearsal for her promised *debut* in February, she handed in a doctor's certificate peremptorily ordering her to take a rest for six months on account of cerebral exhaustion. An arrangement was effected, and her engagement is only postponed. Miss Dickinson has expended over $10,000 for costumes for her *debut*.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

What is Doing in the Old World and the New.

Near Big Rapids, Michigan, Fayette McClure was mobbed and ridden on a rail. After being relieved of $140 in money and $1,500 in pension papers, he was left in the woods, where he was found suffering from a fractured skull and vertebræ. ....Victor Hugo has issued an address to the French senators, asking them to found a democracy which shall end foreign war by arbitration, civil war by amnesty and distress by education. The confidential bookkeeper of Fairchild and Tuck, butter dealers of New York, has been arrested for embezzling $40,000. ..... The London *Times* indorses Senator Sherman's bill for a uniform coinage for all English-speaking nations. . . Railway trains were snowbound in Wyoming Territory. ..A German girl of fourteen years was outraged and murdered at Youngstown, Ohio. The authorities arrested a tramp on suspicion. Jacobs, a wife-murderer, was executed at Joliet, Illinois.

At Harbourville, W. Va., Mrs. Meeling and her paramour, Edward Williams, who were under arrest for the murder of Mr Meeling, were taken from the jail by a masked mob, and after a full confession Williams was hung. No one being willing to put the rope about Mrs. Meeling's neck, she was returned to the jail. The Havana journals aver that the sugar crop will certainly be thirty per cent. less than last year, they also consider the coming tobacco crop of Vuelta Abajo almost totally destroyed, owing to drought. The direct cable has again been broken. The police of Kingston, Jamaica, searched that island for Boss Tweed. Another revolution is looked for in Hayti.

The island of St Thomas experienced three shocks of earthquake. .Gen. Jovellar, the new captain-general of Cuba, received an enthusiastic welcome at Havre. . . John Sconnell, who murdered Detective in New York city in 1872, and after several trials was adjudged insane and sent to an asylum, as the law requires, has been pronounced sane by the State commissioner of lunacy, and will shortly be released. The costly residence of James P. Ingersoll, at South Norwalk, Conn., was destroyed by an incendiary fire. Loss, $120,000, partially insured. Ingersoll was formerly one of the noted New York "ring." The House of Representatives passed the bill for the payment of the 3.65 bonds of the District of Columbia. 'Doc' Magruen, a noted guerrilla on the Federal side, was murdered by masked men in broad daylight, at a small town on the Tennessee river. It is supposed the crime was the result of some of Magruen's well-known cruelties during the war. Alabama's debt is $30,000,000, and the assessed value of her property is $200,000,000.

The commission appointed to examine the works of French artists offered for the Philadelphia exhibition, have selected 670 pictures, 190 pieces of sculpture, and sixty engravings and designs. The Honorable and Rev E. D. Winslow, owner of the Boston *News* and treasurer of the *Post*, is a forger to an amount variously estimated at from $100,000 to $250,000. Himself and family have left the country, it is supposed for Brazil. The famous French race horse Gladiateur, is dead. The superintendent of banks of New York State reports the resources of the banks of the State at $237,071,918. .Sitting Bull's band of Sioux warriors are on the warpath, and have killed one man and wounded five of a party near Fort Pease. The House passed the Centennial appropriation of $1,500,000, by a vote of 146 to 130. Three murderers were taken out of jail at Charleston, W. V., by a mob, and hanged.

Ten of the persons indicted for connection with the whisky ring at Milwaukee have pleaded guilty. A bill has passed the House of Representatives reducing the postage on third-class mail matter to one cent for two ounces. A business crash is imminent in Russia, and one firm and one bank at Riga have already failed. Frank Hathaway, at Plainfield, Mass. killed Nettie Slayton because she would not return his love, and then seriously shot himself in the breast. He was arrested, but at night was taken from his keeper by a masked mob, who hung him to a tree. At Northampton, Mass. several men overpowered the family of a bank cashier, took the keys of the bank, and endeavored to open the vault, but the cashier was unable to help them owing to the lock having a time dial. They spent hours in fruitless attempts to force the doors, but daylight drove them off empty-handed. Two men were killed and one injured by an explosion in a nitro-glycerine factory in North Adams, Mass. Hollis hall, part of Harvard College, was damaged $15,000 by fire. .Another revolution is in progress in Mexico. The Pennsylvania coal mines are to be closed from February 7th to March 14, on account of an over-supply.

The first reports of the attempted bank robbery at Northampton, Mass., are now found to have been false, as the burglars succeeded in securing $670,000 in securities, only part of which are negotiable. It is reported in London that although the British trouble is over, the Chinese are bent on fighting somebody or later. Guatemala and San Salvador are arming for war. The English cattle complain that the Americans control the trade. . . Wm. Schmidt committed suicide in New York because a young lady jilted him. Colorado Springs, Col., is alive with excitement, rich gold mines having been discovered in the immediate vicinity. Four men attempted to rob the express car eastward-bound from Chicago, of $400,000 in currency and coin, but were captured. The treasury officials destroyed $450,000 in greenbacks, leaving the outstanding circulation at $371,273,110.

FORTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

The Business of General Interest Transacted.

SENATE.

Mr. Kelley (Dem.), of Oregon, from the committee on railroads, reported with amendments the Senate bill to extend the time for the construction and completion of the Northern Pacific railroad. Placed on the calendar.

Mr. Davis (Dem.), of West Virginia, called up the resolution submitted by him a few days ago in regard to the investigation of the books and accounts of the Treasury department. The motion of Mr. Edmunds to amend the resolution so as to have the investigation made by the committee on finance instead of a special committee, was agreed to. On motion of Mr. Morrill (Rep.), of Vermont, the preamble alleging that there were discrepancies in the accounts of the treasury, etc., was laid on the table.

During the consideration of the bill to provide for a commission on the subject of the Alcoholic liquor traffic, Mr. Sherman said the effect of spirituous liquors was the cause of crime in all parts of the world, and caused pauperism and poverty. This vice was almost beggary and poverty. This vice was almost universal, and it seemed to him that the Government and the United States might well give the press of the United States might well give the subject full and fair examination. Mr. Morrill (Rep.) of Maine, spoke in favor of the bill.

Mr. Sargent (Rep.), of California, presented a petition signed by a large number of ladies, asking that a government be established in the District of Columbia which would confer upon women the right to vote.

Mr. Christiancy (Rep.), of Michigan, submitted an amendment to the liquor bill designed that the commission shall be appointed clearing that the commission shall be appointed for the purpose of obtaining information which may serve as a guide to the system of legislation best suited in reference to the question of revenue from the manufacture and sale of alcoholic and fermented liquors, and the effect of the use of such liquors upon the morals and the welfare of the people. Agreed to.

The amendment proposed by the Senate committee on finance on the twenty-first of January were also concurred in, and the bill was passed as amended—yeas, 37; nays, 20. Messrs. Booth (Ind.), of California, and Withers, (Dem.), of Virginia, voting with the Republicans in favor of the bill.

The bill to confirm pre-emption and homestead entries of public lands within the limits of railroad grants was passed by a vote of forty-four to nine. Several amendments were attempted, but all failed, and the bill passed as originally presented. The bill provides that all pre-emption and homestead entries, or entries in compliance with any law of the United States, of the public lands, made in good faith by actual settlers upon tracts of land of not more than 160 acres each, within the limits of any land grant prior to the time when notice of withdrawal of the lands embraced in such grant was received at the local land office of the district in which such lands are situated, or after their restoration to market by order of the general land office, and where the pre-emption and homestead laws have been complied with and proper proofs thereof have been made by the parties holding such tracts or parcels, they shall be confirmed and patents for the same shall issue to the parties entitled thereto.

HOUSE.

The proposition to vote the sum of $1,500,000 for the Centennial, attracted much attention in the House. Speeches were made in favor of and against the bill by a large number of members. Mr. Lawrence (Rep.), of Ohio, said that the appropriation would be worth many times over $1,500,000, and would be a good investment and bring back more than it cost. The government might save $1,500,000 by refusing the appropriation, but it might lose $100,000,000 by doing so. Mr. Randall (Dem.), of Pennsylvania, gave an indignant contradiction to the statement in a letter relative to the character of the Centennial officers, and said that a purer set of men than the members of the Centennial board never managed any enterprise. Mr. Kelley (Rep.), of Pennsylvania.—And I say amen to every word my colleague has said.

Mr. Hopkins (Dem.), of Pennsylvania, had the closing hour of the debate, but surrendered a part of his time, and speeches were delivered by Messrs. Young (Dem.), of Tennessee, and Randall (Dem.), of Pennsylvania.

An amendment offered by Mr Springer (Dem.), of Illinois, requiring the payment in full to the United States treasury of any balance that may be left in the hands of the finance committee before any dividend or percentage of the profits shall be paid to the stockholders, was agreed to.

The vote was then taken, and the bill passed—yeas, 146; nays, 109. The announcement was greeted with applause.

Bills were introduced to provide for the suspension of the sinking fund until 1880, also pension of the sinking fund until 1880, also to amend the act authorizing the funding of the national debt; to fund the legal tender debt of the United States, for funding legal tender notes into forty-year four per cent. gold bonds to the amount of $400,000,000, at a rate not to exceed $3,000,000 a month, during the first Monday of January for the time of the meeting of Congress, also, a constitutional amendment proposing to change the beginning of the Presidential term from March 4 to May 1, to protect life on steamships, steamboats and sailing vessels, to provide means of cheap transportation in interior waters, to abolish the stamp duty on proprietary medicines; to reduce the tax on tobacco and whisky, and to abolish the stamp tax on bank checks, granting bounties to heirs of soldiers in the late war who enlisted for less than one year, and who were killed or died by reason of service.

By Mr. Thos. S. Williams (Rep.), of Michigan, a constitutional amendment prohibiting Senators and Representatives from soliciting appointments to or removals from office, and providing a civil service commission.

By Mr. Wilson (Rep.), of Iowa, a constitutional amendment providing that the term of office of Representatives shall begin on the first of January instead of the fourth of March.

By Mr. Greene (Rep.), of Nebraska, declaring lands heretofore granted to certain railroad companies subject to State taxation.

By Mr. Jacobs, of Washington Territory, for restoring to the public domain land in Washington Territory granted to the Northern Pacific railroad.

By Mr Stone (Dem.), of Missouri, a resolution instructing the post office committee to investigate the star-route system. Adopted.

Mr. Kasson (Rep.), of Wisconsin, reported the bill to increase pensions in certain cases. It provides that persons who in the military or naval service have lost one hand and one foot, or even been totally or permanently disabled, shall be entitled to a pension for each of those disabilities.

Mr. Clark (Dem.), of Missouri from the post-office committee, called up the bill regulating postage on third-class mail matter. It provides that all matter of the third-class, referred to in sections 3,879 and 3,911 of the revised statutes, may weigh not exceeding four pounds for each package, and that the postage thereon shall be one cent for every two ounces or fraction thereof. After some discussion the bill was passed without a division of the House.

Mr Cannon (Rep.), of Illinois from the committee on post-offices and post-roads, reported a bill to amend section 3,893 and 3,894, providing penalties for the sending of obscene matter through the mails. The bill was criticised severely by the House, several members claiming that injustice to innocent persons would result from the carrying out of its provisions. The bill was recommitted to the committee.

Mr Douglass (Dem.), of Virginia, from the committee on patents, reported a bill to amend section 190 of the revised statutes prohibiting officers, clerks, of employees of any of the officers of the government acting as counsel, attorney, or agent, or being interested in any firm for prosecuting either claims or patents, for which was pending while they were such clerks, or employees. Also, that any government officer recognizing such person in any such application shall be, *ipso facto*, discharged from the service. Passed.

A Common Feeling.

Congressman Lamar, of Mississippi, in his remarks on the centennial appropriation before the United States House, said he advocated the appropriation because it carried out the spirit of peace and reconciliation. It was something like the image of the feeling of the people who demanded that the alienation and distrust which had heretofore existed between the two sections of the Union should no longer obstruct the glories of the republic or the prosperity and happiness of the American people. As God was his judge he did not believe that that alienation existed any longer. Never since Jefferson was first inaugurated had the entire mass of the American people been animated by a purer, intenser, broader, more universal patriotism, looking to universal brotherhood and affection. He knew that that sentiment had not found its full expression here; that it had been kept down and smothered, and that its voice had not been heard amid the clamors and appeals of impassioned partisans. But, in the political as well as in the natural world, the agencies that were most powerful were not the most noisy. Violence, passion, fanaticism, animosity, could always find voices and fill the air with their factious clamors, while the deep and earnest feelings of a great people lay unspoken in their hearts. The currents of passion and feeling might flow hither and thither, lashed by extraneous agencies, but there was in the great sea of unsounded depth a common humanity, a common hope, a common interest and a common patriotism which lay unspoken.

The remarks were received with great applause.

At a medical examination a young aspirant for a physician's diploma was asked: "When does mortification ensue?" "When you propose and are rejected," was the reply that greeted the amazed questioner.

A Picture of City Life.

The agents of truancy come across some very sad cases in their travels through New York city in search of truant children. Says the *Express*: One of them asked why Jas. Dugan did not attend school, and learned that he was the only support of a family of five persons. The report goes on to say that they ate the cold victuals that the boy begged from door to door, and the cinders that he gathered from the ash barrels was all the fuel they had to keep them warm. The father is an industrious, but unfortunate, plumber, who has been sick and out of work for six months, having earned only fifty cents since Christmas. The family had parted with everything but the stove, a deal table, and two broken chairs. The mother has been ill for a month without any medical attendance. She held in her arms an infant four days old. It was wrapped in a clean cloth that some poor friendly neighbor had given her. The agent found them on the verge of starvation. For two days they had neither food nor fire. Sad as this picture is, it is, unfortunately, one that is being presented almost every day to those who busy themselves among the poor. The amount of suffering that is going on in this great city is hardly dreamed of beyond the immediate circle of the sufferers and the charitably inclined who visit them. The stagnation of labor has thrown thousands out of employment, and there are those, too proud to beg, who would starve were it not for the kindly offices of the good-hearted people who find them in their distress and relieve them. Thousands of dollars have already been spent this winter in relieving the poor, but want and misery are so widespread that it would seem almost as if the demand would never end. Fortunate for the poor that the winter has not been severe, and that bitter cold has not been added to gnawing hunger.

The Battles of the War.

"A List of the Battles of the Late War" has been compiled from the official records in the office of the adjutant-general and the surgeon-general of the United States. Looking over these pages one cannot be but impressed with the fearfully bloody character of that struggle. The list of battles looks like the directory of a moderately populous city. On hundreds of rivers, on hundreds of mountains, in hundreds of passes the war has left its bloody memories. Thousands died of maladies and accidents, the consequences of the war, who were not numbered among the killed. The quartermaster-general reports the whole number of graves in which the soldiers were laid to be 315,555, and only a little more than half of these have been identified. More than a hundred thousand persons, crippled for life, are now drawing pensions as invalids.

The Memory.

President Stearns, of Amherst College, in a recent lecture before his class, deprecated the present system of education as injurious to the memory. He said the Hindoos transmitted without error the three books of the Vedas, one of which consists of 1,010 hymns, through the centuries till Solomon's time, about one thousand years before Christ, by memory alone, acquiring them from oral instruction—a thing which has no parallel at the present day. The multiplicity of subjects now presented to the scholar, he thought, rendered the acquisition of a retentive memory next to impossible.

Young Shepherds.

At the national sheep farm at Rambouillet, France, there has been established a school of shepherds, where young men over fifteen years of age are instructed in the science of sheep husbandry. The course is for two years, at the end of which, if the student passes the examination he receives a certificate of capacity. There are also prizes of $75 and $50 given to the most capable students. After graduation a student can become a shepherd on his own account, if he possesses the means.

A BOX OF GROCERIES FREE to every subscriber in what the publishers of *The Housekeeper* offer in our advertising columns. Messrs. Wingate & Co. will do just what they promise. It is the best chance for agents ever offered, and no good housekeeper who sees the box would fail to subscribe. Read the advertisement.

A Remarkable Professional Success.

Among the notable professional men of this country who have achieved extraordinary success is Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y. The prominence which he has attained has been reached through strictly legitimate means, and, so far, therefore, he deserves the enviable reputation which he enjoys. This large measure of success is the result of a thorough and careful preparation for his calling, and extensive reading during a long and unusually large practice, which have enabled him to gain high commendation, even from his professional brethren. Devoting his attention to certain specialties of the science he has so carefully investigated, he has been rewarded in a remarkable degree. In these specialties he has become a recognized leader. Not a few of the remedies prescribed by him have, it is said, been adopted and prescribed by physicians in their private practice. His pamphlets and larger works have been received as useful contributions to medical knowledge. He has recently added another, and perhaps more important work, because of more general application, to the list of his published writings. This book, entitled "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser," is designed to enter into general circulation. Dr. Pierce has received acknowledgments and honors from many sources, and especially orientalo degrees from two of the first medical institutions in the land.—*Missouri (St. Louis) Republican.*

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEA WEED TONIC and MANDRAKE PILLS.

These deservedly celebrated and popular medicines have effected a revolution in the healing art, and proved the fallacy of several maxims which have for many years obstructed the progress of medical science. The false supposition that "Consumption is incurable" deterred physicians from attempting to find remedies for that disease, and patients afflicted with it resembled themselves to death without making an effort to escape from a doom which they supposed to be unavoidable. It is now proved, however, that Consumption can be cured, and that it has been cured in a very great number of cases (some of them apparently desperate ones) by Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup alone; and in other cases by the same medicine in connection with Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills, one or both, according to the requirements of the case.

Dr. Schenck himself, who enjoyed uninterrupted good health for many years, was supposed, at one period, to be in the very grasp of death, his pulmonary symptoms pronounced his case hopeless, and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and, since his recovery, many thousands similarly afflicted, have by the same means been restored to health and have used Dr. Schenck's preparations with the same remarkable success.

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The Markets.

NEW YORK.

Beef Cattle—Prime to Extra Bullocks	09 @	10¼
Common to Good Texans	07¾@	08¾
Milch Cows	40 00 @	85 00
Hogs—Live	06¾@	10
Dressed	06¾@	07¾
Sheep	— @	—
Lambs	13 @	15¾
Cotton—Middling	12 @	12¾
Flour—Extra Western	5 25 @	6 00
State Extra	5 75 @	6 75
Wheat—Red Western	1 20 @	1 20
No. 2 Spring	1 25 @	1 26
Rye—State	85 @	86
Barley—State	80 @	85
Barley—Malt	80 @	1 00
Oats—Mixed Western	53½@	53¾
Corn—Mixed Western	63 @	63¾
Hay, per cwt	70 @	1 15
Straw, per cwt	60 @	1 20
Hops	05 @	07
Pork—Mess	20 @	20 00
Lard	12½@	12¾
Fish—Mackerel, No. 1, new	21 00 @	22 00
" No. 2, new	18 00 @	18 00
Dry Cod, per cwt	5 00 @	6 00
Herring, Scaled, per box	20 @	22
Petroleum—Crude	Refined,	14¾
Wool—California Fleece	20 @	33
Texas "	20 @	30
Australian "	30 @	50
Butter—State	22 @	26
Western Dairy	22 @	25
Western Yellow	18 @	21
Western Ordinary	15 @	17
Pennsylvania Fine	28 @	30
Cheese—State Factory	07¾@	09
State Skimmed	05 @	06
Western	05¾@	12
Eggs—State	24 @	24

ALBANY.

Wheat	1 87 @	1 87
Rye—State	91 @	93
Corn—Mixed	53 @	54
Barley—State	81 @	84
Oats—State	32 @	33

BUFFALO.

Flour	6 00 @	8 00
Wheat—No. 1 Spring	1 35 @	1 35
Corn—Mixed	51 @	52
Oats	37 @	38
Rye	80 @	80
Barley	80 @	85

BALTIMORE.

Cotton—Low Middlings	12¾@	12¾
Flour—Extra	5 75 @	6 75
Wheat—Red Western	1 27 @	1 27
Rye	80 @	85
Corn—Yellow	57 @	61
Oats—Mixed	44 @	46
Petroleum	07¾@	07¾

PHILADELPHIA.

Beef Cattle—Extra	04 @	07¾
Sheep	05½@	06¾
Hogs—Dressed	06¾@	07
Flour—Pennsylvania Extra	6 00 @	6 50
Wheat—No. 2 Red	1 03 @	1 16
Rye	88 @	88
Corn—Mixed	56 @	61
Oats—Mixed	41 @	43
Petroleum—Crude	Refined,	13¾

GATTETOWN, MASS.

Beef Cattle—Poor to Choice	5 00 @	9 50
Sheep	2 00 @	5 50
Lambs	— @	—

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